

Great Final Assault Rocks Cherbourg; 14 Ships Hit, Japanese Fleet Turns Tail

Fast Work By Congress Speeds Big Money Bills

Senate and House In Last-Minute Rush Prepare for Recess Tonight

By Mary Spargo

Senate and House, straining to complete their major tasks in time for a recess tonight, yesterday acted upon outstanding appropriation bills, leaving only the second deficiency bill among money measures still to be considered by both houses.

Actions included these:

1. The House voted overwhelmingly to nullify a recent Supreme Court decision that held the insurance business subject to provisions of the Sherman Antitrust Act.

2. House acceptance of a conference report on war contract termination sent the first of the reconversion bills to the President.

3. The appropriation bill for the Department of Labor and the Federal Security Agency was also sent to the White House.

4. The House adopted the War Agencies appropriation bill, including three Senate amendments to the \$500,000 appropriation for the President's Fair Employment Practices Committee. The whole measure carries approximately \$1,030,000,000 for several war agencies. Acceptance of the Senate's FEPC amendments almost certainly assures Senate acceptance of the measure, one of a number on which the Senate expected to act later.

5. The House also passed the War Department appropriation bill, carrying 15 billion dollars in new appropriation and reappropriating sufficient sums in "old money" to bring the total up to 49 billion. The Senate expected to adopt this late last night.

6. The President also was given a \$562,145,819 supply bill for the Department of Agriculture, containing a ban against political activities by Agriculture employees. Field workers of the department may not start making a quinquennial census before January 1, 1945, and War Food Administration employees will be dismissed if discovered demanding that a farmer join the AAA program as a condition of draft deferment or for the granting of priority certificates for gasoline or other rationed articles.

7. The conference report giving lend-lease and the United Nations Relief and Rehabilitation Organization approximately \$3,920,000,000 was passed in the House, making its acceptance by the Senate late last night virtually certain.

8. The House adopted the conference report on the 69 million dollar appropriation for the District of Columbia and Senate District of Columbia and the Senate followed suit during a late session.

Zuber Shuts Out Nats, 4-0, With A Four-Hitter

New York, June 22 (AP).—Bill Zuber gained the distinction of becoming the first pitcher to blank the Nationals, the only team that had not been shut out prior to today, as the New York Yankees defeated Washington today, 4-0.

Zuber allowed four hits and fanned seven to hang up his first win since May 2. The victory gave the Yankees the series over the Nats, three games to one.

Dutch Leonard was the pitching victim, being tagged for a homer by Bud Metheny with one on in the third. Leonard left the game in that inning, complaining of a sore shoulder.

Alex Carrasquel took over the mound chores and held the Yankees to two hits in five and two-thirds innings. He gave up the last Yankee run in the eighth, on George Struweis' walk, a sacrifice.

Stuweis' steal of third, and Johnny Sullivan's two-base wild throw of Johnny Lindell's grounder.

(Details in Sports Section)

Unpledged Electors Win

Fourth-Term Democrats Lose Appeal in Texas Supreme Court

Austin, Tex., June 22 (AP).—The Texas Supreme Court today upheld the State Democratic Party's traditional system of selecting presidential electors, who this year are not bound to support the party's nominees unless the national party meets certain demands.

The court denied application by pro-Roosevelt forces for a mandamus which would have compelled the party's executive committee to certify names of pro-Roosevelt electors, chosen at a rump convention, for printing on the July 22 primary ballot.

The regularly constituted convention has already certified its elector nominees to the Secretary of State for printing on the general election ballot.

These electors are not bound to support the party nominees unless the national convention restores the two-thirds rule for nominating candidates for President and Vice President and unless it adopts a platform plank condemning the United States Supreme Court decision permitting Negroes to vote in Texas primaries.

Arnall Sees Roosevelt Willing. By the Associated Press. Gov. Ellis Arnall of Georgia came out of President Roosevelt's office yesterday and predicted the Chief Executive will accept a fourth term nomination if it is tendered him by the Democratic National Convention.

The Governor, freely admitting he had "talked politics" with the President, said he would not be surprised if Mr. Roosevelt makes a public statement shortly after next week's Republican Convention "as to his willingness to abide

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21 States Pledged

Delegates' Rush to Back Dewey Assumes Aspect of Stampede

By Edward T. Folliard

Chicago, June 22.—The Republican National Convention is still four days off, but the movement to climb on the Dewey bandwagon already has taken on the aspects of a stampede.

J. Russell Sprague, New York national committeeman and a leading strategist in the campaign to draft Gov. Thomas E. Dewey for the presidential nomination, announced today that pledges of support had come from leaders of delegations from 21 States and two Territories—Hawaii and Alaska.

The reason there weren't more, he explained, was that many delegations have not yet arrived in Chicago.

As Sprague made his announcement to reporters, the 15-room New York headquarters on the 25th floor of the Stevens Hotel was jammed with "volunteer" Dewey leaders, all of them eager to be recorded.

They included Col. R. B. Creager, national committeeman from Texas, a former Taft adherent, and William Reichel, national committeeman from California.

The new California delegation, now en route, will hold a caucus here Sunday night. If it decides to throw its 50 votes to Dewey right off the bat, which is likely, that probably will clinch a first-ballot nomination for Dewey.

Gov. John Bricker of Ohio, the only Republican presidential candidate who has made a real cam-

paign, arrived here this morning.

A brass band, supplied by the Chicago Bricker-for-President Club, began whirling it up as the Ohioan entered the Stevens Hotel wearing a dark suit and a red-white-and-blue necktie.

The blare of music caused something of a sensation. Four years ago, at the conventions here and in Philadelphia, bands were a dime a dozen, but the war has made them something of an oddity except in a martial setting. Consequently some of the Bricker people were not surprised, but a bit embarrassed. But, as has been stated, the idea for the musical greeting came from Chicago, not Columbus.

Governor Bricker found that his supporters had done a noble job in setting up his headquarters. A large suite had been taken over on the first floor of the Stevens. Huge lithographs of the Ohioan were everywhere, and buttons with the legend "Be a Bricker Backer" were spread out by the bushes, along with pamphlets headed "Bricker Will Win," and "Bricker Goes to Washington."

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American Losses Given As 49 Planes

Enemy Carrier Sunk; 3 Others, Battleship Damaged; 2 Tankers Also Sent Down

U. S. Pacific Fleet Headquarters, Pearl Harbor, June 22 (AP).—Carrier aircraft of the U. S. Fifth Fleet sank or damaged 14 ships of a powerful Japanese naval force between the Philippines and the Marianas Islands Monday before the enemy fled in darkness.

Results of the battle, which did not bring combat ships together or involve the Imperial Grand Fleet, were announced today by Admiral Chester W. Nimitz.

The enemy broke off the engagement after nightfall. By then one of his carriers of the Hayataka class and three fleet tankers had been sunk. Ten other vessels, including three carriers and a battleship of the Kongo class, were damaged. Other Japanese ships reported damaged were a cruiser, three destroyers and two tankers. One of the destroyers was believed to have sunk. The tankers were severely damaged and left burning.

Jap Plane Losses Near 375

American losses were 49 planes. Many of these made water landings at night. Some pilots and crews "appeared to have been rescued," Nimitz said, and search was continued for others.

Between 15 and 20 enemy planes were destroyed. That brought Japanese aircraft losses in two days to between 368 and 373. Nimitz said revised reports showed 353 were shot down Sunday, when carrier-type planes attacked American warships near Saipan Island in the preliminary stages of the battle.

Two United States carriers and one battleship "received superficial damage" in repulsing Sunday's air attack, Nimitz reported. Twenty-one planes were lost in combat.

In the entire Marianas action, starting June 10, and supporting air strikes on the flanks at the Bonin and Caroline Islands, 19 Japanese ships have been sunk, 36 damaged, 626 Nipponese planes definitely destroyed and 25 more probably destroyed.

Announced U. S. losses were 96 planes. Three warships were damaged, but still in action.

No Showdown to Date. Although naval circles had widely expected a showdown battle with the main Japanese fleet, even as late as Wednesday, it had not put in an appearance. The enemy force that ran out on the fight was estimated by Nimitz to have consisted of four or more battleships, five or six carriers, five fleet tankers and "attached cruisers and destroyers."

Despite this defeat—exceeded only by stunning American victories at Midway and Guadalcanal in 1942—much of the Imperial Japanese Fleet has not yet been in action. Japan's latest type capital ships have never been seen by

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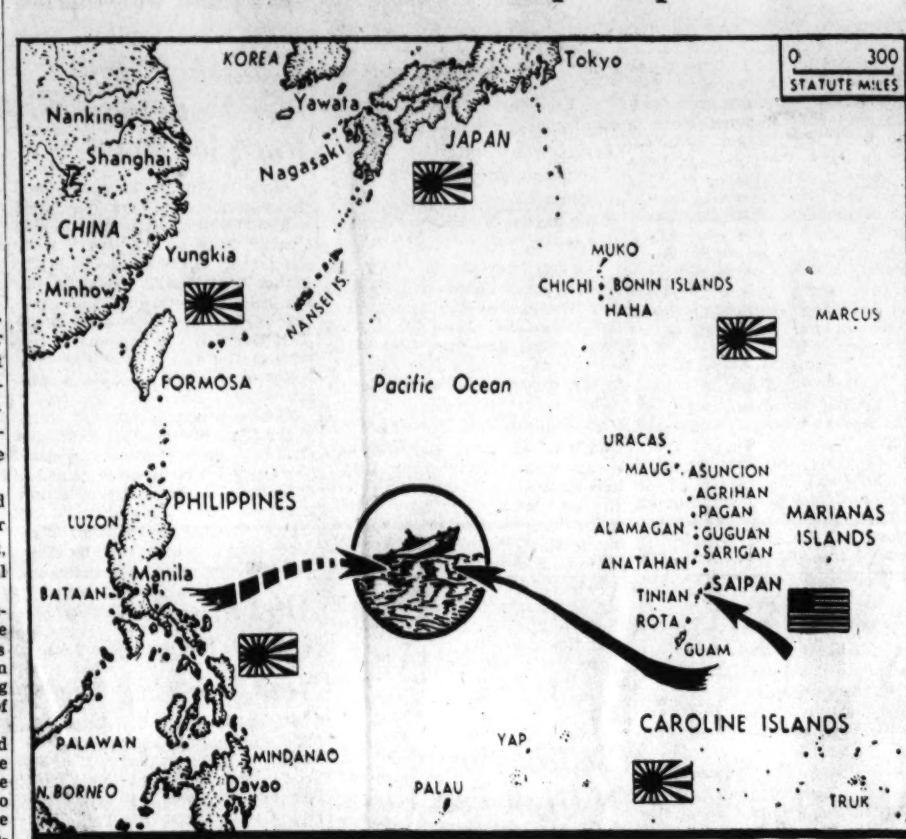
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Where U. S. Planes Sank Jap Ships



ENEMY ON RUN—Circled ship symbol between the Philippine and Marianas Islands indicates where Navy carrier planes sank a Japanese aircraft carrier and three tankers Monday. U. S. forces (small arrow) are invading Saipan in the Marianas group.

Wave on Wave U. S. Newsman Of Planes Lash Sees Germans At Cherbourg Blown to Bits

Thunderbolts Dive Through Fierce Flak To Hit Encircled Foe

Supreme Headquarters, Allied Expeditionary Force, June 22 (AP). Wave after wave of Allied planes threw immense curtains of exploding steel against German fortifications in the besieged port of Cherbourg today as American ground forces unleashed their mighty, all-out attack to overwhelm the key enemy bastion.

At 12:40 p. m., the spearhead pounded the fortifications in an 80-minute dive-bombing attack, and at 2 o'clock other bombers made the ground tremble with a shower of bombs, the air-splitting explosions heralding the American ground attack.

More than 1000 planes were used against the German positions, all operating from 500 to 3000 yards ahead of Allied ground troops.

Some of the planes blanketed the Cherbourg area with leaflets, telling the Germans they were encircled, and calling upon them to yield. The attacks were described officially as the closest support yet given the armies on the peninsula.

Thunderbolt fighter-bombers swooped to within 100 feet of enemy positions, seeking a box seat for the big show being put on by our bombers attacking Cherbourg. We've got it. For hours the ground has been heaving convulsively as tremendous formations of aircraft pour destruction upon the German defense positions.

Our first warning that we had strayed into the German positions came when sniper and machine gun bullets splattered the hedges around us. At first we thought they were strays—then we discovered they were aimed at us.

German machine guns are nestled all around us but they are compelled to give most of their fire to the bombers.

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Allies Gain Along Both Italian Coasts

War Sidelights Fishermen Again Asked To Hug Port

Allied Supreme Headquarters, London, June 22 (AP)—French, Danish, Dutch, Belgian and Norwegian fishermen were warned in a broadcast today by a staff member of the Allied high command to remain in port another seven days, through June 29 at 9 p. m.

Jap Admiral Killed

New York, June 22 (AP)—The Japanese News Agency Domei said today that Japanese Rear Admiral Yoshimasa Nakahara had "died heroically in the greater East Asia area."

The agency's broadcast said the admiral's death had been disclosed by the Yokosuka naval station, reporting deaths in action of an undisclosed number of men.

Dragged in Streets

Royal Air Force Airfield in France, June 21 (AP)—A French shoemaker today said villagers in one liberated French town dragged a man, his wife and their two grown daughters through the streets "until their clothes were ragged and blood came," because they had collaborated with the Germans.

Occupation Urged

Atlanta, June 22 (AP)—Exile of Emperor Hirohito to "a life of study" and occupation of the Japanese homeland by Chinese forces were proposed today by Bishop W. Y. Chen, ranking Methodist in China and spiritual advisor of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek.

WAR

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fury of German demolitions, as the Allied airmen and gunners expressly avoided aiming at the city itself, and concentrated their fire on German defense positions which mostly were on the ridges and low hills around the outskirts.

The army had planned to call on the Allied navies for supporting fire from the sea, but the speed of the campaign was such that the ships decided not to wait for the big ships to move into position, relying instead on the massed weight of bombers and his own Long Toms and howitzers which had battered down every German stronghold along the way to Cherbourg.

The Germans' biggest batteries were useless, since they pointed out to sea and could not be trained around of fire inland.

Chief defenses on the landward side were the twin French-bulldozers, Du Roule and Octeville, 1500 yards south of the waterfront, with the River La Dive between them. The main German thrusts were north and northeast on both sides of this stream.

Except for these forts and the interlocking system of blockhouses and pillboxes, all guarding the City of Cherbourg, the German resistance on the peninsula was slight, with the scantiest of delaying actions being fought by retreating Nazis.

By the east coast one American force pushed into Quettehou, seven miles from the tip of Barfleur, and stabbed seven miles north farther inland to cut the cape road at St. Pierre Elglise, nine miles east of Cherbourg.

Other Americans pushed into the Mount du Roq woods three and one-half miles southwest of Cherbourg, and reached the Cap de la Hague Road at Beaumont-Hague, eight miles west of Cherbourg. On both sides, advanced patrols were believed to have reached the sea. Encirclement of the port and isolation of the smaller pockets of resistance thus were virtually completed.

Supreme headquarters had no confirmation that Bradley had radioed the German commandant of Cherbourg a surrender ultimatum, which was ignored, but leaflets dropped by the planes were addressed to three German infantry divisions and other units in Cherbourg and advised them to surrender.

Yanks Take Paganico In West as Fermo Falls to Eighth Army

Rome, June 22 (AP)—American driling up the west coast of Italy have overcome stiff German resistance and captured the town of Paganico, 14 miles northeast of Grosseto and less than 60 miles from the Pisa-Florence-Rimini defense line along which the Nazis are expected to make their final stand below the Alps, Allied headquarters announced today.

On the Adriatic coast Eighth Army forces raced into Fermo, 32 miles from the important port of Ancona and approximately 85 miles from Rimini. Thus, for the first time since Rome fell, the pursuing Allied armies were strung out on almost a straight east-west line across the Italian peninsula and the Germans appeared to have escaped any danger of a wholesale entrapment.

Thirty-five miles east of the captured fortress-city of Perugia, Eighth Army units approached Camerino through increased German artillery and mortar fire. West of Perugia British forces drove on Castiglione del Lago, principal town on the western shore of Lake Trasimeno. The villages of Villa Strada and San Faticchio, south-west of the lake, fell after sharp fighting. East of the lake Allied troops were reported within three miles of the town of Magione.

French troops cleared the Germans from several more mountain villages in the neighborhood of Montenero.

An unofficial estimate placed Nazi dead, wounded and captured since the Allied offensive began six weeks ago at between 80,000 and 100,000.

(A German broadcast reported the Allies had thrown fresh tank formations into hard fighting on the Fifth Army front north and northeast of Grosseto, but claimed that Nazi troops "held their main fighting positions everywhere.")

RUSSIA

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porozhye, a district center of the Leningrad region.

The communists said 73 enemy aircraft were destroyed Wednesday.

Brisk Artillery Fire Reported

German commentators talked more than usual tonight about the probability of more extensive battles on the eastern front.

One broadcast said: "In every sector where Soviet offensive are expected to be set rolling there has been brisk artillery fire in the last 24 hours. Strong Soviet reconnaissance detachments have been active near Leningrad, south of the Smolensk highway and south of Vitebsk. These were followed up by attacks northwest of Tarnopol and either side of Kiev and southeast of Vitebsk."

Another declared: "Berlin military circles assume that the agreement between the Soviet Union and the Allies provides for the Soviet offensive to begin simultaneously with the second phase of the invasion."

Nazi Pressure Reported

Stockholm, June 22 (AP)—The German minister in Helsinki was reported today to be bringing pressure upon Finland to remain in the war against Russia, stating that German troops would refuse to leave Finnish territory in event of a Russian-Finnish peace.

This report was carried by the Swedish newspaper Aftonbladet, described as nonpartisan, with Nazi tendencies. It said Moscow had offered to end the war against Finland if Helsinki would accept the 1940 border and grant concessions to aid in a continuing Russian campaign against the seven German army divisions in Finland, but the official Swedish news agency later denied the story, asserting "no peace conditions have reached Finland" and calling the story "pure fabrication."

Freight Line Permit

Richmond, Va., June 22 (AP)—The State Corporation Commission has granted the Richmond-Harrisonburg Freight Lines a permit for the operation of a freight service between Shenandoah and Luray, serving all intermediate points.



KING INSPECTS PLANE ROCKETS.—At a Royal Air Force station somewhere in England King George VI inspects a Typhoon fighter fitted with rocket projectile apparatus.

AIR

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emy cannon, flying into terrific cross fire and flak.

Returning pilots pictured the defensive area on the southern side of the port as a wasteland of flame and rubble.

During the night the RAF had sent a great force of Lancaster bombers against key factories in the Rhineland. Mosquitoes buzzed over Berlin, spreading fires in the smoldering city, hi a scan 12 hours before in an American shuttle attack.

That shuttle raid, for which the Germans reported the Russian terminus was Poltava in the Ukraine, 1500 miles from Britain on a direct line through the German capital, struck at synthetic oil refineries southeast of Berlin and other objectives, a Strategic Air Forces communiqué said.

Allied losses from all 24 hours of operations, including some attacks on railroads and highways in the Paris area, cost 119 planes, 88 of them heavy bombers. Sixty-two German planes were shot down.

Civilian Supply Of High Test Gas Cut 40 Per Cent

Interior Secretary Harold L. Ickes yesterday ordered production of perium gasoline for civilian use cut 40 per cent beginning next month to conserve supplies of tetra-ethyl lead for military use.

Ickes commented that the only important effect would be that one would "hear the cars coming a little sooner." He added that the motorists could take consolation in the fact that they were helping the military "give 'em hell over in Normandy."

Operators of vehicles considered most essential to the war program and the Nation's health and safety will receive a priority to use the premium grade (76 octane). The average motorist will have to get along on the regular grade (72 octane).

DEMOCRATS

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necessarily a voiceless, helpless appendage of the Democratic party. I shall personally be very proud of them. x x x

"There are some in our party who want to rewrite our way of life in the South. There are others who see in the South only a bloc of votes which at four-year intervals can be counted almost solidly Democratic, and which can be comfortably forgotten between these intervals."

Bumper Wheat Crop

Frederick, Md., June 22.—Frederick county farmers are harvesting a bumper wheat crop, the largest in 10 years, County Agent Henry B. Shoemaker said today. Early alfalfa hay locally was especially good, Shoemaker said, but early clover and timothy cuttings have been less than average. Fruit prospects are bright.

Publisher Sues Mrs. Patterson For \$500,000

Mrs. Dorothy S. Thackery, publisher of the New York Post, filed a \$500,000 libel suit yesterday in District Court against Mrs. Eleanor Patterson, publisher of the Washington Times Herald, claiming that the latter paper printed false, malicious statements which linked Mrs. Thackery's name romantically with that of Charles McCabe, publisher of the New York Daily Mirror.

The statements appeared June 21 in the column entitled "These Charming People" written by Austin Cassini, who also was named a defendant in the suit, the action states.

Mrs. Thackery's husband, Theodore Olin Thackery, filed an identical suit, asking the same amount.

All-Time Record Set in Turning Out New Landing Craft

Boston, June 22 (AP)—A new all-time shipbuilding record was established today when a 150-foot pre-fabricated landing craft was launched at the George Lawley & Son Corp.'s Neponset yard just seven hours and one minute after its construction was begun.

A crew of 300 men participated in the record-smashing performance, which began at 7 a. m. and was climaxed at 201 p. m. when the craft entered the water.

The yard's previous record was between four and five days, and today's feat astonished even the most optimistic observers.

The workmen were spurred on by pin-up girls broadcasting from loudspeakers.

Administration Action Taken in Captive Strike

Scotts Bluff, Neb., June 22 (AP)—"Administrative action has been taken to get about 100 German prisoners of war back to work at Worland, Wyo., where they quit Tuesday in protest against a change from day to piece work pay rates, Lieut. Col. Clyde B. Dempster, camp commander, said today.

Colonel Dempster said the prisoners were reported to have appealed to Hitler to correct working conditions, but that there was no evidence such an appeal had been made. He said such an appeal would have to be made in writing through the camp and the Swiss legation.

Bigger Fertilizer Supply Announced

The War Food Administration yesterday reported farmers can get increased supply of fertilizers for the 1944-45 season and urged them to place their orders now. Potash will be 21 per cent more said, superphosphate 25 per cent more, and there will be some increase in nitrogen.

Dean Heads Kiwanis

Chicago, June 22 (AP)—Ben Dean, Grand Rapids, Mich., today was elected president of Kiwanis International.

PLATFORM

the planks together.

A leader of the "Keep It Short" school, Danaher suggested a crisp, "newspaper lead" point summation of the various planks, to be followed by a more detailed expansion of each party policy. "People at least will read the lead summary."

Said Danaher, one thing was certain, all of the major provisions of the platform will be written to the specifications of the man who will run on it—Thomas E. Dewey.

J. Russell Sprague, New York National Committeeman, today confirmed Dewey's "availability" to the resolutions committee. Told of this, Resolution Chairman Robert A. Taft (R., Ohio) merely smiled and said Dewey "is being consulted."

The 15-man foreign policy subcommittee, under Senator Warren R. Austin (R., Vt.), leading exponent of a strong peace collaborationist policy, opened hearings after Gov. John W. Bricker at a press conference expounded views not widely at variance with the upcoming Mackinac redraft. Bricker said he was opposed to an international police force as a permanent thing, but thought there would have to be some "policing" by the Allies for some time after the war.

With the unofficial party plank still under wraps, only a quoted phrase or two from it was leaking out here and there, but "international police force" was not one of them. The revised Mackinac plank provides instead that member nations of proposed international organization use "peace forces" to combat aggression. This was interpreted to mean either concerted action by the various member nations or assignment of troops by the member nation nearest the scene of trouble.

Wallace Tells Chinese of Era For Common Man

Chungking, June 22 (AP)—Vice President Wallace asserted today the end of the war would mark "the beginning of century of the common man," and that the Chinese would "find the American people marching by their side" at every step forward.

He told a meeting of Chinese agricultural experts that China's "new deal" after the war would permit a 50 per cent increase in efficiency in 15 years, an increase which he asserted required 40 years in the United States. He toured 100 miles of Szechwan province, inspecting wheat and rice fields. Earlier agricultural experts told him China would need 150 million bushels of wheat from abroad in the first year after the war ends. The bulk of Chinese wheat land is now occupied by the Japanese.

GORRELL

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attention to the low flying bombers screaming overhead.

Landry and Carroll edge forward a bit to get pictures but there is a clatter of machine guns and they come running back, panting and crouching low.

As Landry, Carroll and I begin edging back there is a clatter of hooves down the highway.

"Here comes the cavalry," shouts Landry. "Duck!"

A half dozen wild-eyed runaway horses go rushing past us, frozen with fear in their maddened charge. But we escape their rush and eventually the bombing is only a dull sound in the distance grating on our jangled nerves. We creep southward.

Senator Bridges' Kin Named Church Moderator

Grand Rapids, Mich., June 22 (AP)—The General Council of Congregational Christian Churches elected its youngest moderator at its biennial meeting today.

He is Ronald Bridges, 39, associate professor of English at Arizona State Teachers College, Tempe, Ariz., and a brother of U. S. Sen. H. Styles Bridges (R., N. H.).

Hore-Belisha Weds Miss Cynthia Elliott

London, June 22 (AP)—Right hon. Leslie Hore-Belisha, former British War Minister, today married Miss Cynthia Elliott. The bride was captured by the Germans in France four years ago today while serving with a canteen unit. She was repatriated last September.

Underground Isolates Paris, Fights Nazis

London, June 22 (AP)—The French army of the interior in rapier-like thrusts has isolated a "starving" Paris, has snarled German military traffic throughout France, and has flanked Nazi forces in Normandy with blows behind the battle line and in Brittany, it was reported tonight.

Information of the last 12 hours gave this picture:

1. Paris, threatened with famine by the German seizure of food reserves, has been cut off from telephone and telegraph communication with other major points.

Reinforcements Delayed

2. Field Marshal Karl Gerd von Rundstedt's reinforcements have been delayed by sabotage of underground cables on the edge of the battle zone.

3. Partisans have engaged large German forces in the Alps, and in Brittany.

4. "Several important localities" have been seized in the Vosges Mountains and lower Rhone valley.

5. Traffic is at a standstill in Lorraine province where German troop and ammunition trains from Germany have been derailed.

(The Brazzaville radio reported the underground had posted placards throughout eastern France warning that in retaliation for the Gestapo's brutality "German men will pay for Frenchmen, women for women, and children for children," not only in France but in Germany and in all other countries where French families have been taken.)

Transport Snarled

A Vichy broadcast admitted "insuperable transport difficulties" and Propaganda Minister Philippe Henriot said all traffic had been halted in the vicinity of Saint Foy le Grande, on the Dordogne River, by the destruction of bridges.

An Algiers dispatch quoted a communiqué issued by the "provisional government's committee for action," as saying the Paris faced a period of starvation and privation perhaps unequalled in its lurid history" as a result of German confiscation of food stores.

Patriot attacks have compelled the Germans to shut down several of the biggest war factories in the Paris suburbs. It was announced. In southeastern France, in the departments of Jura, 400 Germans were killed in clashes when patriots destroyed viaducts, rail lines and locomotives.

"Severe losses were inflicted and more prisoners taken" in the Vosges, and in the lower Rhine Valley, 180 Nazis were killed.

Seamen Offer Pay to Buy Off CIO Strikers

New York, June 22 (AP)—From somewhere at sea, a communication signed "The crew of the U. S. S. Coos Bay," a seaplane tender, and offering "to help pay the wage increase money-hungry strikers are demanding," today aroused labor leaders to vigorous rebuttal.

Making the point that wage demands were not involved in the strike to which the Coos Bay letter specifically referred, two labor leaders contended organized labor is doing its utmost to curb all stoppages and keep production rolling. One asserted newspaper publishers were creating a "deep feeling of antagonism between labor and the army forces."

The Coos Bay letter was addressed to the editorial department of the Associated Press at San Francisco, and enclosed \$412 in paper money. The letter requested that the Associated Press "act as our agent to buy off the present strikers of the Wright Aircraft Corp." The letter, stamped "passed by naval censor," ended with a postscript reading "If the Wright strike is over, just choose another (for the distribution of the \$412). There are always plenty at hand."

It was signed "The Crew of the U. S. S. Coos Bay," and appealed to workers in war plants not to strike. It called strikers "money hungry," and said "we are willing to help pay the wage increase from our meager pay . . . if they will just continue to produce the implements necessary so that we can end this war."

The Associated Press forwarded it to James V. Forrestal, Secretary of the Navy in Washington, who read the crew's letter and said "no comment."

The letter evidently referred to an unauthorized strike which began June 5 at the plant of the Wright Aeronautical Corporation at Lockland, Ohio, near Cincinnati. The strike ended June 9. The issue was the transfer of seven Negroes into a department of the plant which previously had only white workers. Local 647 United Automobile Workers (CIO), from the beginning of the walkout, urged the strikers to return, and vigorously condemned the work stoppage.

Deplore Stoppage

Robert Spitzmuller, president of the local and R. J. Thomas, president of the United Automobile Workers (CIO), issued statements today after they were shown copies of the letter, both asserting that unions are fighting against strikes and deploring the Wright stoppage.

Spitzmuller declared newspaper publishers have been making "efforts since the outbreak of the war to create a deep feeling of antagonism between labor and the armed forces."

"There must be a feeling of great pride as they see their planned campaign blossom into hatred and misunderstanding among fellowmen," he said.

Thomas declared "our international office has done everything it possibly can and will continue to do."

Led Attack On Jap Fleet



Appointed From WIREPHOTO Vice Admiral Marc A. Mitscher

SEA

From Page 1.

American air or surface units, unless some were in Monday's clash.

The latest Japanese naval defeat was an offshoot of the enemy's aerial strike Sunday at American warships, under the overall command of Admiral Raymond A. Spruance. Those combat units were protecting the beachhead of American forces that invaded Saipan Island, in the southern Marianas.

After beating off the enemy's aerial attack, planes of the carrier task force, under immediate command of Vice Admiral Marc A. Mitscher, scouted for the Japanese force. Crushed in its aerial bid for a victory, the enemy already probably was retreating because of the loss of the bulk of his defending aerial arm.

Captured Runway In Use

Some time late Monday afternoon the enemy warships were spotted and the carrier pilots pounced on their prey. In the hour or two before darkness they pressed home their attack.

Flight of the Japanese fleet was a virtual admission by Tokyo that she cannot hold Saipan, the arsenal of the Marianas.

Already American warplanes are using the captured 8600-foot Asitilo runway to support the northward advance of Marines and infantrymen.

Artillery superiority, attained by dragging guns across Saipan's reefs, was taking a heavy toll of the defending garrison. High casualties were indicated among the 20,000 to 30,000 Japanese troops on the island.

Their defense included the first extensive Japanese use of land mines, large batteries of mortars and artillery firing from the mouths of caves. Japanese gunners pulled their artillery pieces back into the caves after firing a salvo. Flamethrowers annihilated these mountain strongholds.

Garrison Commander Lands

American forces were so confident of victory, Associated Press war correspondent Rembert James reported, they have already brought the garrison commander ashore.

James reported a major Marine and Infantry attack was launched Wednesday morning behind an artillery barrage so intense the field pieces blazed an almost continuous flash from their muzzles. The attack was launched along a 4-mile front stretching eastward across the island from Garapan to Magicienne Bay.

Captured munitions were being fired against the enemy and great stores of Japanese provisions came in handy for feeding Japanese civilians and natives who had poured through the American lines for safety.

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Army Truck, Tank Output Halted by Strike of 2000

New Brunswick, N. J., June 22 (AP)—Production of Army tank and truck parts at the Mack Manufacturing Corp. plant halted today as 500 night shift workers joined 100 mechanical employees who began an unauthorized walkout yesterday, leaving only office employees at work.

Karl Doktorich, president of local 824, United Automobile Workers of America, CIO, said the wildcat stoppage was a protest against lack of progress in negotiations for renewal of a contract which expired in February, 1943. The union, he said, has urged workers to return to work pending the intervention of the War Labor Board.

do more to stop all such strikes as the Wright strike."

He said "our members returned to work on our demands," but added that about 600 "nonunion" people did not return to work and were disciplined by the management.

(Officials of the Wright company said today that 240 workers were discharged as a result of the strike.)

Jap Threat To Henyang Grows Grave

Chungking, June 22 (AP)—Japanese driving southward along the Ssang River are only 33 miles north of Henyang, the Chinese said tonight, the threat to this strategic rail junction becoming more grave by the hour.

The defenders met the invader at Shihwan, 8 miles northeast of Henyang, on a 60-mile front. The enemy is advancing all along a front from Ssangjiang in the west to points south of captured Chuchow and Lillio, east of the Ssang River, in an all-out drive to split China in two and prepare for offensive and defensive action in the event of American landings on the China coast.

Japs on Run in India

Southeast Asia Command Headquarters, Kandy, Ceylon, June 22 (AP)—Remnants of Japanese troops, apparently short of artillery power and using faulty ammunition, are being driven steadily from the Imphal-Kohima road in Manipur State, India, and clearing of the road was expected within a few days, headquarters reports said today.

A junction was expected soon between British troops driving south from Kohima and those operating north from Imphal, now 10 miles apart. Enemy forces caught by surprise in these rapid movements have abandoned much equipment in their flight.

In north Burma, Chinese troops have occupied Mahauang, a mile southeast of the town of Mogauang, blocking a road and railway a half mile south of Mogauang, while at Myitkyin, main Japanese north Burma base, a large party of Japanese attempting to escape entrapment by floating down the Irrawaddy River on rafts were shot or drowned. A few escaped.

Control of Mines Ends; Ickes Hits Lawyers' Fees

Interior Secretary Harold L. Ickes yesterday terminated Government operation of the Nation's coal mines with the comment that the issue was no longer "portal to portal pay for the miners, but court to court pay for the lawyers."

The 70 mines remaining in Government possession are operated by the Jewell Ridge Coal Corp., Tazewell, Va., which declined to sign the approved industry-wide soft coal wage agreement to continue a court test against its portal to portal pay provisions.

All the remaining Southern coal mines have agreed to adhere to the previously approved Northern coal agreement. An agreement covering the Pennsylvania anthracite mines also has been effectuated.

The Government operated the mines for 13 months to keep the coal produced in the absence of a wage contract to govern private operation.

MISSING

From Page 1.

ment, he worked for the Treasury Department.

Lieutenant Rocca, 26, was born in Sicily and came to Washington in 1928 with his parents. A former student at McKinley High School, he was graduated from National University Law School in 1941 and passed the State bar examination. He entered the service before beginning practice.

Lieutenant Madigan, 27, was reported missing six weeks after his arrival overseas. Before entering the Army, he was employed at the Government Printing Office.

Private Fairall, 19, was born in Washington and attended Clinton Middle High School. Before entering the service more than a year ago, he worked at the Highland Theater here. He is the son of Charles J. Fairall, assistant manager of the Fairlawn and Congress Theaters.

Private Daniel, 21, is a graduate of Washington-Lee High School in Arlington, and the Columbia Technical Institute of Washington. He operated a farm in Fairfax before entering a service.

ROBOT

From Page 1.

no evidence that any of the runways or launching devices captured by U. S. troops had been in operation.

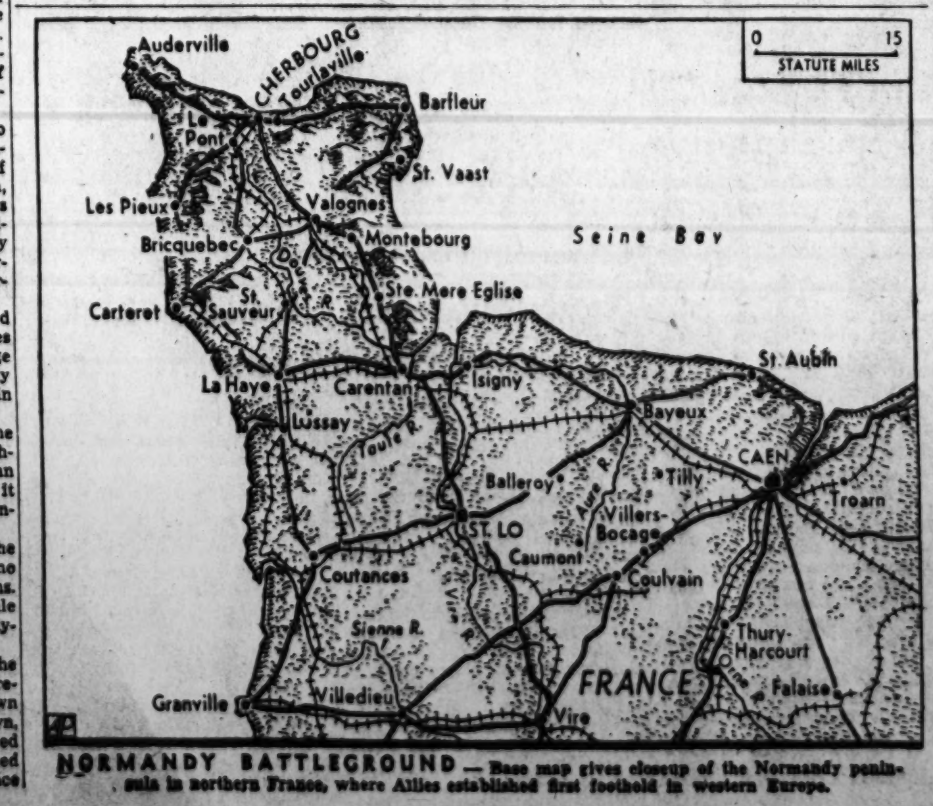
Another German Threat

London, June 22 (AP)—The Germans threatened today to use "new monster explosives against which countermeasures will be virtually impossible" on both Britain and the Allied west front armies, but so far as is officially known this was just talk.

Flier Dies in Crash

Richmond, Va., June 22 (AP)—Second Lieut. Charles G. Daniels, 22, formerly a resident of China, Calif., was killed Tuesday when his plane crashed in woods 11 miles northwest of Bumpass, Louisa County.

Lieutenant Daniels, who was stationed at the Army Air Base here, was on a combat training mission at the time of the accident.



NORMANDY BATTLEGROUND.—Base map gives closeup of the Normandy peninsula in northern France, where Allies established first foothold in western Europe.

BREWED IN AMERICA TO REPLACE EUROPEAN BEERS....

PRIOR

VALLEY FORGE DISTRIBUTING CO. Philadelphia 3, D.C.

ADAM SCHEIDT BREWING CO. Norristown, Pa.

One-third of Montgomery County's quota of \$2,275,000 in the Fifth War Loan drive has been subscribed, Richard F. Green, county chairman, announced yesterday.

Printing out that the drive closes July 18, Green stated that progress of the drive is not "quite up to expectations at this time." However, he said that four of the more popular issues of bonds offered during the drive are dated June 26 and expense sales will be made. Many bond purchasers will withhold making their selections until next Monday.

There will be a rally tomorrow at 8:30 p. m. in Laytonsville public school, when the Potomac Band will give a patriotic concert. Addresses will be made by Comdr. T. L. Greentree of the British Royal Navy, and county officials.

Unofficial figures, reported yesterday by Green and quotas for each district are:

Average attendance in surgical dressings was 95 women who made 104,521 dressings and 1917 garments in 5098 hours. The canteen unit served 1804 production lunches, 52 chapter house lunches, 220 for mobile blood donors 100 USO suppers, 67 camp and hospital lunches, in 1490 hours.

The home nursing unit conducted

Western District—O Bethesda, Chevy Chase and Glen Echo: quota, \$565,000, sales, \$121,731.25; Eastern District—Silver Spring, Takoma Park and Coleville: quota, \$1,185,000, sales, \$320,430.75; Northeastern District—Sandy Spring, Olney and Spencerville: quota, \$300,000, sales, \$201,331.25; Central District—Rockville, Kensington and Gaithersburg: quota, \$600,000, sales, \$177,438.75; Northwestern District—Damascus, Germantown and Poolesville: quota, \$100,000, sales, \$85,675.00.

Intensive canvass of their areas are being made by fraternal and civic groups throughout the county, Green stated. A bond rally at Damascus resulted in the sale of more than \$20,000 in the series E bonds.

Emphasizing that volunteers in the Silver Spring Branch Montgomery County Chapter, American

Silver Star Given Corporal From Fairfax

Naval Convalescent Hospital, Glenwood Springs, Colo., the commanding officer, Capt. E. L. McDermott, (MC) USN (Ret.), yesterday pinned the Silver Star Medal on Corpl. Carl Lewis of Fairfax, Va., "for conspicuous gallantry and intrepidity in action against Japanese forces on Cape Gloucester, New Britain."

The action happened on January 2, in the vicinity of an unidentified river, where jungle undergrowth was dense and the terrain unfamiliar. Corporal Steel, leading a machine gun squad, faced a determined and well entrenched enemy firing from concealed positions. His own men on either side were pinned down by enemy machine gun fire.

"With utter disregard for his own safety," says Steele's citation, "he attempted to put his gun into action, and was wounded. On his second attempt he succeeded in unlimbering the gun, and again was hit by the enemy whose fire also caused a stoppage to his gun. Although he was wounded twice, he remained with his gun, trying to reduce the stoppage, but to no avail.

"Before leaving the lines to receive medical attention, he addressed his men in such a manner as to encourage and inspire them in their fight. His great courage and inspiring leadership were in keeping with the highest traditions of the Navy of the United States."

Red Cross, must accomplish more in the next five months than ever before due to the action in France, Mrs. Olivier Ragonnet, branch chairman, yesterday declared: "The boys will not fail us and we must

A report of accomplishments of various units for five months announced yesterday, stated that 12 staff assistants and office aides gave 2180 hours. Seven hundred and sixteen points of blood were donated, the quota being 750 points. The branch has 19 members belonging to the Gallon Club, each having contributed blood eight times.

Average attendance in surgical dressings was 95 women who made 104,521 dressings and 1917 garments in 5098 hours. The canteen unit served 1804 production lunches, 52 chapter house lunches, 220 for mobile blood donors 100 USO suppers, 67 camp and hospital lunches, in 1490 hours.

The home nursing unit conducted classes at the Academy of the Holy Names, from October to February, at Montgomery Blair High School from March to May, an adult night class at Montgomery Blair and the Silver Spring firehouse, and an adult day class at the branch headquarters.

Total garments knitted were 190 in 3355 hours, for Army, Navy and civilian use.

Judge Opens Office

Trial Magistrate Einar Christensen has given up his law practice in Washington and opened offices at 8415 Georgia ave., Silver Spring to practice exclusively in Montgomery County.

For the past 13 years Judge Christensen has been attorney for several insurance companies in Washington specializing in casualty insurance law. Before coming to Washington he practiced for eight years in Baltimore and is a graduate of the University of Maryland.

Men, Women! Old or Young! Need Pep?

Want New Vim and Vitality?

Thousands of 30, 40, 50, 60 feel weak, peepish, older than their years, when body lacks iron. Try Ostron. Supplies therapeutic doses iron when needed for pep, vitality, younger feeling. Also prophylactic doses vitamin B₁₂, niacin, to guard against fatigue, weakness, poor feeling, lack of vim. Try introductory size for only 50c. Get Ostron Zinc Tablets today. For sale at all drug stores.

**Back the
Invasion.
Buy MORE
War Bonds**

MELVERN
FRUIT ICES
Are Refreshing!

Tired Kidneys Often Bring Sleepless Nights

Doctors say your kidneys contain 15 miles of tiny tubes or filters which help to purify the blood and keep you healthy. When they get tired and don't work right in the daytime, many people have to get up at night to urinate or sooty passages with smarting and burning. Sometimes shows there is something wrong with your kidneys or bladder. Don't neglect this condition and lose valuable, restful sleep.

When disorder of kidney function permits poisonous matter to remain in your blood, it may also cause nagging backache, rheumatic pains, leg pains, loss of pep and energy, swelling, puffiness under the eyes, headache and

Don't wait! Ask your druggist for Deane's Pills, used successfully by millions for over 40 years. They give happy relief and will help the 15 miles of kidney tubes flush out poisonous waste from your blood. Get Deane's Pills.

This is a grand place.

It's perfect! Away from everything...

No one around... Not even Barnaby's imaginary Pixey—

Where is he?

Hey, Barnaby! There's your Fairy Godfather! Look! He's out fishing!

Where, Jane?

Oh, no. It's only a gull...

Oh, no. It's only a gull...

CHARLES M. JOHNSON

Austin, Minn., June 22 (P).—The Austin Herald reported yesterday that a railroad employee had picked up five swastika-embellished sheets of paper warning of robot bombings in store for the United States after

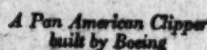
The newspaper said a simple leaflet read:

bombers will come to your soil.
Soon you will feel what war means.
Quit the war before it is too late."

Ankara, June 20 (Delayed) (U.S.)
Ronetto Dandirio, an Italian sub-
ject who was arrested for espi-
onage in 1941, was executed here
early today.

If you are on your feet all day - walking the floor or standing in front of a machine - just sprinkle Allen's Foot-Ease on your feet and into your shoes. This nothing powder will quickly relief all tired, burning feet. When you wake in the morning, rub from all-day standing-Allen's Foot-Ease into what you want. Acts instantly to absorb excessive perspiration and prevents foot odors. So, be sure to ask for Allen's Foot-Ease-the easy, simple way to all-day foot and shoe walking comfort. Get it today at all drug stores.

"My phone rang all day in answer to my ad in The Post," says Mrs. A. Keizer.



Pan American routes as of 1941, plus those added since then. The solid lines show today's routes -- the broken lines show routes temporarily discontinued or unavailable. *In addition, Pan American is now flying at the rate of 3,600,000 miles a month for the armed services over these original routes and over others which are not shown.*

THE MAP ABOVE is NOT just an artist's conception of *proposed* post-war air routes. Quite the contrary! It shows a world-wide system of over 98,000 miles that was *actually in operation* before Pearl Harbor. This, the world's greatest air transport system, was carrying international passengers, mail, air cargo *and* the United States flag to five continents as long ago as 1941.

Most of the routes pioneered by Pan American World Airways before the war have been in continuous operation ever since . . . Many of them, in co-operation and under contract with the Army Air Transport

Command and the Navy Air Transport Service, have been greatly extended.

Service to Wake Island, Guam, Manila, Hong Kong and New Zealand may be temporarily discontinued but Hawaii, Africa, Portugal, Ireland and all the leading cities of Latin America are still regular ports of call for giant Clippers on scheduled flight.

Look at the solid lines in the large map above. If you have need today to fly to any of the cities on those routes, please consult your local Pan American office or your own travel agent. They will be glad to give you schedules, rates, and other information. For Air Express shipments, telephone Railway Express Agency.

PAN AMERICAN WORLD AIRWAYS

BY PIONEERING AIR SERVICE TO 68 COUNTRIES, TERRITORIES AND POSSESSIONS,
PAN AMERICAN HAS GIVEN THE U. S. A. THE WORLD'S GREATEST AIR TRANSPORT SYSTEM.

**EVERYBODY'S
GOING PEPSI!**



Peppi-Cola Company, Long Island City, N. Y.
Franchised Bottlers: Peppi-Cola Bottling Co., Washington, D. C.

'Days of Glory' Brings New Stars to Keith's In Story of Russia

FOR QUICK CLASSIFICATION, "Days of Glory," which yesterday opened its first Washington engagement on the screen at RKO-Keith's Theater, falls into the same general category as the earlier "The North Star" and "Song of Russia," or, going back still farther on the stage, "Counterattack."

Written as a screen play and produced by Casey Robinson, from an original story by Melchior Stengyel, it is another recital of the valor and sacrifice of the Russian guerrilla bands that have played so vital a part in defense of their land, their national self-respect and their survival.

Despite its occasional departures from conventional treatment, "Days of Glory" leaves an over-all impression of having been seen before. This, I take it, is principally due to the fact that what seems to have been designed primarily as a love story permitted itself to be lost in another examination of heroic Russian character and a too eager retracing of the already familiar pattern of modern partisan warfare.

Theme Is Lost

So preponderant is this aspect of the "rama" that the romantic developments seem arbitrary intrusions, usually interjected at the most inopportune times—as in the final scene, for example, when, in the face of death, the culmination of the love motif is lost in the gunfire, as the lovers futilely attempt to repel a Nazi tank attack, and the picture ends abruptly with their presumable extinction. It seemed to these eyes and ears hardly the time or the place for a pursuit of the grand passion.

With its action centering largely in the guerrilla outpost headquarters in the subterranean reaches of a former monastery, the play hinges weakly upon the romantic experiences of two sharply contrasted characters.

The one is the guerrilla leader, formerly an engineer, who all his life had loved to build, but when war compelled his personal destruction of his works he loved best, discovered that killing the things he loved had taught him to love to kill; the other, the famous young ballerina, sent to the front to entertain the troops, cut off from her troupe and finally compelled to take refuge in the woodland hide-out, where every act and impulse offended her love of the beautiful, the kind and the good.

Competent New Stars

There was the groundwork here for a dramatic clash of two physical, spiritual and psychological worlds, which Mr. Robinson has woefully undeveloped. To be sure, Vladimir recovers something of his perspective through the presence of the girl in camp, and Nina, the dancer, learns to kill, but

this is brought about so spasmodically that it all seems merely incidental. No ostensibly major theme should be incidentally to its background.

However, there is considerable to commend in "Days of Glory." It demonstrates, for one thing, that a play can be competently acted by new players virtually unknown to habitual motion picture audiences. Gregory Peck and Tamara Toumanova, as the two pivotal figures, are as capable as Mr. Robinson had given us to believe they would be.

Miss Toumanova is distinctly photogenic and brings to her portrayal of the dancer in strange and terrifying surroundings as clearcut a characterization as the limitations of the script will permit. Mr. Peck also is an admirable choice for the role of Vladimir, with something of the taciturnity of a Gary Cooper or Cary Grant, and a gentler and more ingratiating quality of appeal neither of them possesses.

Two Able Youngsters

Two youthful actors contribute two of the most effective performances among the remainder of the long cast. Dena Penn proves herself an exceptionally gifted child star, as "mother" of the little garrison, and Glenn Vernon is no less able and moving as her teen-age brother, who dies a hero's death hurling defiance and contempt into the teeth of his captors.

Alan Reed, Marie Palmer, Lowell Gilmore, Hugo Haas, Igor Dolgopri, Ivan Triesault and Edward L. Durst likewise are valuable to Director Jacques Tourneur, and the picture is additionally commendable for its utilization of an illuminating musical background and a nice selection of interpolated folk-songs.

An "Our Gang" comedy, "The Tale of a Dog," in which his name, "Small Spots," was alarming, fused by the community with "smallpox," "Hot Money," a new anti-inflation release in the "This Is America" series, and a comprehensive Pathe News, devoted to the occupation of Rome, are the screen auxiliaries of the bill's theatrical major feature.

Liberator Gunner Outsmarts Nazis Flying as Yanks

A U. S. Bomber Base in England, June 22 (AP)—The Germans tried to fool American bomber crews by painting black and white identification stripes of the Allied invasion craft on their own planes—but a keen-eyed Liberator gunner outsmarted them.

A formation of striped FW-109s, which resemble American planes, tried to fly side-by-side with a Liberator group. Suddenly they peeled off, performed a lazy eight and made ready for a sneak attack on the bombers.

But Serg. Amos Adkins of San Francisco, top turret gunner, started blazing away.

"Stop shooting at our planes," shouted the pilot, Lieut. Charles Allen of New Gulf, Tex., who thought the planes were Mustangs.

"Better wake up, chum, that's an FW-190," co-pilot Lieut. Edward Werner of St. Petersburg, Fla., dryly told the pilot.

In a few seconds Adkins had shot down one Focke-Wulf and his fellow gunners had nailed four others.

Germans Shot 13 Allied Prisoners, Writer Reports

London, June 22 (AP)—The London Daily Mirror's correspondent today said a dispatch from France yesterday that 13 Canadian prisoners had been lined up and shot by Germans in a French village now in Allied hands.

The correspondent, George McCarthy, said the men had died with the photographs of "their loved ones—their wives, sweethearts or children—clenched in their hands, and that it was clear the Canadians had been lined up to die."

He said the bodies were discovered in the grounds of a chateau in the village of Audrieux south of the Bayeux-Caen railway line.

"A French woman who lived in the chateau during the German occupation confirms the news that the Canadians were marched out and shot," he wrote.

Nazis Low on Scrap

A U. S. Bomber Base in England, June 22 (AP)—The Germans are getting low on scrap metal, Serg. William Griffith of Muskogee, Okla., a Fortress gunner, concluded Wednesday on his return from Berlin.

Show Time in the Downtown Theaters

STAGE
National—"Abie's Irish Rose," at 8:30 p. m.
Willard Roof—"Murder in the Old Red Barn," at 8:45 p. m.

SCREEN
Earle—"The Mask of Dimitrios," at 11 a. m., 1:40, 4:25, 7:05 and 9:50 p. m. Stage shows at 1:05, 3:50, 6:30 and 9:15 p. m.

Capitol—"Two Girls and a Sailor," at 10:15 a. m., 1:10, 4:10, 7:05 and 10:05 p. m. Stage shows at 12:30, 3:30, 6:25 and 9:25 p. m.

RKO-Keith's—"Days of Glory," at 11:15 a. m., 1:20, 3:30, 5:35, 7:45 and 9:50 p. m.

Palace—"White Cliffs of Dover," at 11:15 a. m., 1:50, 4:25, 7 and 9:35 p. m.

Columbia—"Three Men in White," at 11:30 a. m., 1:35, 3:40, 5:45, 7:50 and 9:55 p. m.

Metropolitan—"Uncertain Glory," at 11 a. m., 12:55, 3:10, 5:20, 7:30 and 9:40 p. m.

Little—"Palm Beach Story," at 11 a. m., 12:50, 2:35, 4:25, 6:10, 8 and 9:50 p. m.

Pix—"The Cat and the Canary," at 2, 4:15, 7:30 and 10:30 p. m.

"Rise and Shine," at 3:15, 5 and 8:55 p. m.

Trans-Lux—Newsreels and shorts.



at 10:15 and 11:30 a. m., 12:45, 2:45, 4:30, 5:45, 7, 8:15, 9:30 and 10:45 p. m.

Ambassador—"The Mask of Dimitrios," at 1:15, 3:20, 5:25, 7:25 and 9:35 p. m.

at 10:15 and 11:30 a. m., 1:40, 4:25, 7:05 and 9:50 p. m.

at 11:15 a. m., 1:20, 3:30, 5:35, 7:45 and 9:50 p. m.

at 11:15 a. m., 1:50, 4:25, 7 and 9:35 p. m.

at 11:30 a. m., 1:35, 3:40, 5:45, 7:50 and 9:55 p. m.

at 11 a. m., 12:55, 3:10, 5:20, 7:30 and 9:40 p. m.

at 11 a. m., 12:50, 2:35, 4:25, 6:10, 8 and 9:50 p. m.

at 2, 4:15, 7:30 and 10:30 p. m.

at 3:15, 5 and 8:55 p. m.

Newsreels and shorts.

Newsreels and shorts.

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Newsreels and shorts.

Bridge



HEDDA HOPPER

Nice Piece of Paper!

Hollywood, Calif., June 22.—Bill Bendix signed a new contract with Hal Roach which seems equitable. Bill's guaranteed a flat salary \$2 weeks a year for seven years. Everything he makes above that salary is split 50-50 with Roach. His radio money is his own. . . . Joan Fontaine's deal with David Selznick is slightly different from Bill's. Last year Joan made \$100,000. David, by loaning her out, made a profit of \$390,000 off her. You can't blame her if at times she's a bit moody. . . . Just now she's under suspension—can't even do radio. . . . Mary Boland and Henry O'Neil play the rich, haughty couple in "The Home Front" with Laurel and Hardy doing the butting for them. Sounds like fun. . . . In bygone days, Ziegfeld girls were content with diamond bracelets. Now Gloria Gale of Metro "Follies" has got herself an oil gusher in Oklahoma.

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Aln't She Heard

Greer Garson denied it once—she probably will again. Bue she's going to have a baby just the same. . . . Sam Goldwyn has screamed his head off about double features. Yet now he sees a profit of millions by releasing 31 of his old pictures, and in many theaters they're showing "Little Foxes" and "Ball of Fire" on the same bill. . . . Lucky for Jesse

Jesse Lasky, even in the old days, didn't produce three pictures at the same time, but he's doing it now. Jesse will do "The Two Mrs. Carrolls," "Frontiersman," with Zachary Scott, and the new Norman and Ben Barzman story, "Don't Ever Leave Me." In this he'll use Claire Foley, the 8-year-old who did "Janie" on Broadway. . . . Gregory Peck has almost worn out Winthrop Ames' "Book of Names" looking for one for their anticipation. If it's a girl they'll name her Monica, because possible "One." If it's a boy, it'll be Barnaby—"Son of Prophecy." Peck's pal, Bill Prince, read the book from cover to cover, then named his Liza after the girl in "Lady in the Dark." . . . Hattie McDaniel is taking no chances. Half her nursery is done in pink—other half, baby blue. . . . Cecil De Mille is sharing part of his office space with Hal Wallis until Paramount finds a place to put Wallis permanently. I'll bet a cookie they won't build the kind of a bungalow on the lot that he had at Warners.

That Old Feeling

Only two short years ago it looked as tho Buddy Rich and Lana Turner would wed, but Lana eloped with Steve Crane and Buddy left Tommy Dorsey's band and enlisted in the marines. It will be interesting to watch developments when Dorsey begins shooting "Thrill of a Romance" at Metro, since Buddy's been given a medical discharge, and will be back beating

the drums again. And maybe by that time Lana again will be heart-free. . . . Bette Davis admitted to Jimmy Dorsey that she goes overboard for hot music. So every time she comes to his set, he starts giving it to her. . . . Bob Crosby's description of an over-vivacious star: "She lives every second as though it were a major crisis."

This, That, and the Other

Jimmy Durante knocked the customers for a loop by showing up at the Clover club with a nurse in white uniform, and offering no explanations. He had been to see his pal, Jack Roth, at the hospital, when Jack's nurse said she was dashing out for a hamburger. So Jimmy took her out and bought her a steak. . . . Henry Morgenthau Jr., escorted by Betty Hutton and Henry Ginsberg, met the gang at the Hollywood canteen after his bowl appearance. Nice meeting, too. . . . Joyce Reynolds, buying a wardrobe for New York, had quite a time persuading the ladies in the dress shop she was 19.

Doing Pretty Well

Mimi Chandler came out here for her sister's wedding to a captain in the ferry command, and got herself an acting contract. Now Mimi's contract is being settled, and she's marrying a major in the ferry command. Nice going up. . . . wondered how soon it would be before Kleinfen, Lauritz Melchior, was offered a screen career. She was a motion picture star when she first met the great tenor and fell hard for him. Then she retired, saying, "One star in each family is enough."

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Friday, June 23, 1944

City Hospital Conditions Laid To Congress

By Margaret Davis

Blame for inefficiencies in District city hospitals was thrown back at Congress yesterday, when the newly created District hospital visiting committee termed inadequate staffs and insufficient funds responsible.

The committee submitted a report to Commissioner Guy Mason. He appointed the laymen's group last winter after Congressmen made a surprise visit to Gallinger Hospital and held critical hearings about its management. The committee said yesterday:

"Something more than criticism is needed. Newspaper notoriety has only served to discourage the staff by blaming them for conditions they are powerless to remedy and it makes more difficult the acquisition of new and competent personnel."

Favorably impressed The report said the committee "was favorably impressed with much—one might say most—that it observed in Gallinger Hospital," and praised the "devotion and efficiency" of staffs at Glenn Dale and Upshur Street Hospitals.

The committee said the much-condemned Gallinger kitchen was insanitary because it was inadequate, and told of finding the floor of the vegetable room "littered with vegetable skins" and also of finding "uncovered garbage pails in the outer kitchen."

Bids are out for a new kitchen. Acting Superintendent Daniel L. Seckinger said yesterday. He said that will provide room to expand the inadequate laundry, also mentioned in the report.

The report described "dangerous" conditions in psychiatric wards, including uncovered stairwells and insecure windows which will be adjusted next month when a fund of \$40,000 becomes available for repairs. Dr. Seckinger said.

The committee also asked more guards and nurses and a new building for treatment of children under 12. Now, the report said, children are within sight and talking distance of insane patients and in the same building with them.

A separate building for children tops a list of building improvements suggested to the Commissioners by the Health Department a few weeks ago, Dr. Seckinger said.

Need for Polyclinic A recommendation for an assistant executive in institutional administration and personnel management already has been provided in the 1945 District appropriation bill. The committee also said "there is real need for a polyclinic."

At Glenn Dale, the committee asked paving of a dirt road, so that it will not affect tuberculosis patients. It also asked more housekeeping personnel and more nurses. Fifty nurses now are caring for 600 patients, although the American Nursing Association says 180 nurses are needed to staff such a hospital, the report said. The report also asked better transportation and pay for hospital employees.

At Upshur Street, the committee recommended rat extermination, a new dishwasher, and more help.

Rudolph Berger is chairman of the hospital visiting committee which interviewed staff members and patients at each hospital. Other members are Mrs. Stanley Reed, Mrs. Harold N. Marsh, Mrs. Willis W. Jones, the Rev. Edward G. Letch, Mrs. Lawrence A. Sheehan, Rabbi Norman Gerstenfeld, and the Rev. E. L. Harrison.

Woman Held On Charge Of Abortion

Mrs. Mary Madeline Davis, 42, Negro, the sister of Mrs. Edna Gray, recently convicted of abortion, was arrested yesterday charged with performing an abortion on a 23-year-old white girl, who is in fair condition in Prince Georges hospital.

The Davis woman was arraigned in Municipal Court before Judge Brice Claggett and was released under \$1500 bond with the hearing continued until July 6.

She was arrested at her home, 120 Thomas st. n.w., by Detective Sergeant Richard Felber and Precinct Detective Daniel Slattery on information from the girl.

The girl, a railroad employee separated from her husband who is in the service and overseas, told police she went to the Thomas street address on June 12, stayed there three days and then was asked to leave when she became extremely ill.

Listed as a nurse in the telephone directory, the Davis woman, was given a conditional release last February from Lorton penitentiary after serving a term there for abortion, police said. She has been arrested several times in the past 10 years for performing abortions, records show.

Pullen Would Abolish Teacher College Tuition

Baltimore, June 22 (AP)—A recommendation that tuition fees be eliminated at all State teachers colleges came from Dr. Thomas G. Pullen, Jr., State Superintendent of Education, who told the legislative council yesterday that teachers' salaries was "the biggest problem of government in the State at this time."

He said that in counties outside of Baltimore more than 1247 teachers of a total of 5287 had been lost from September 1943, to June, 1944.

Taken Ill Here Will Rogers' Widow Dies In California



Associated Press Wirephoto
MRS. BETTY B. ROGERS, 65, widow of Will Rogers, who died at her ranch home in Santa Monica, Calif., Wednesday night.

Santa Monica, Calif., June 22 (AP). Will Rogers' widow, the "prettiest girl in Arkansas," whom he courted on a bicycle and called "my first sweetheart," is dead.

Mrs. Betty Rogers, 65, succumbed at the Rogers ranch home in Santa Monica, Canyon last night. She had been ill since suffering a severe attack of influenza in Washington, D. C., last winter.

Rogers, famed as a humorist and philosopher, was killed with Flier Wiley Post in an Alaska plane crash in 1935. A month ago today, his body was entombed at Will Rogers Memorial in Claremore, Okla., his home town. Mrs. Rogers' body likewise will be interred there.

Three children survive: Will Rogers, Jr., former Congressman and now an Army lieutenant; James Rogers, acting publisher of the Beverly Hills Citizen; and Miss Mary Rogers, who resided with her mother.

The family said they believe Lieutenant Rogers was overseas, or en route.

Md. Part-Time Job Referrals Total 4373 in 20 Days

Baltimore, June 22 (AP)—A total of 4373 referrals for part-time employment were made by the Maryland offices of the United States Employment Service, June 1-20, Grafton Lee Brown, assistant State director for the War Manpower Commission, announced yesterday.

School children seeking summer employment were in the majority. Baltimore had over three-fourths of the referrals with 2760. In other Maryland cities there were: Westminster, 301; Cumberland, 115; Frederick, 104; Hagerstown, 55; Elkton, 32, and Oakland, 16.

Senate Confirms 82 as Generals

The Senate Wednesday confirmed the temporary appointment of 20 major generals and 62 brigadier generals in the Army, but at the request of Senator Murray (D., Mont.) withheld action on the appointment of Ephraim Franklin Jaffe as a brigadier general.

Jaffe was identified by military committee aides as an executive officer for the War Production Board. There was no immediate explanation of Murray's objections; he was in New York yesterday.

Nazi Prisoners Strike

Worland, Wyo., June 22 (AP)—Ninety-four German prisoners of war from the camp near here were placed on bread and water yesterday following a strike. The prisoners refused to work in the beet fields, complaining about the lack of benches in the trucks used to transport them.

The strike was the first since the camp was opened in 1943.

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Writer Tells How Bond Puts Buyer in War

(William F. Boni, covering the Pacific, was awarded the Purple Heart after filing dispatches from New Guinea when he was struck by nine shell splinters from raiding Japanese planes. Former sports writer, he switched to foreign news when war broke out.—Editor's Note.)

By William F. Boni

Associated Press Features

With Stilwell's Forces in the Mogaung Valley—An order comes from headquarters for you to pick up stakes, head for a new assignment and a new cleaning house among the months' accumulation of jungle-molded papers you come across on a yet unfilled request.

It is for a brief story to be used in connection with the new war bond drive.

At first, like any other correspondent, you wonder why anybody need be urged to buy bonds—wonder whether, perhaps, as a profession have not painted war's picture in enough of its horrible clarity. You wonder that and then you wonder whether the man who buys a bond realizes what share that gives him in the war effort.

What His Bond Buys When he puts down money for a bond, he doesn't know where it goes except into the war effort. Thus it gives him a share in the war as a whole.

His bond may pay for gasoline that powers a tiny liaison plane which rescues a badly wounded Merrill marauder from the Burma jungle just in time to save his life. It may be in a bomb released from a P-40's wing rack which smashes a Japanese battery and thus weakens the retreating enemy's artillery which has been pounding the Chinese infantrymen in the Hukawng-Mogaung valley for almost six months without a break.

Bond May Help Build Truck That bond may go into a truck which an American Negro boy handles over a road hub-deep in mud or possibly the load of sorely needed medical supplies which that truck is carrying.

It may be represented by the uniform of a gentle, efficient nurse at a forward field hospital or by a carbine which "Uncle Joe" Stilwell slings over his shoulder when this soldier's general takes off on one of his frequent inspection tours of the front lines.

Or Ride a Carrier That bond puts you as a buyer aboard an aircraft carrier whose planes bomb Palau or in the bomb bay of a Flying Fortress on a mission over Berlin; in a landing barge scraping the beach on a north New Guinea coast, in a P-51 strafing a Nazi column in Italy, in a torpedo that sinks a Japanese supply ship bound for Rangoon or in a Tommy gun that drops a Jap sniper out of a tree in north Burma.

That bond gives you all the privileges without any of the hazards or the hardships of a fighting war. You needn't slog along through mud that makes each step an effort nor fill your nostrils with the stench of enemy dead. You needn't subsist for days on canned rations nor sleep nights on end in a slimy foxhole. You needn't take cover from strafing by Zeroes nor sweat out hour-long artillery barrages.

It's a great thing, that war bond—it enables you to fulfill your own vital war job at home and also join actively in the combat overseas.

Church Elects Young Moderator

Grand Rapids, Mich., June 22 (AP)—The general council of Congregational Christian Churches elected its youngest moderator in the opening session of its eighty-day biennial meeting yesterday.

He is Ronald Bridges, 39, associate professor of English at Arizona State Teachers College, Tempe, Ariz. Prof. Bridges succeeds Dr. Ferdinand Blanchard, pastor of the Euclid Avenue Congregational Church, Cleveland. The term of the moderator is two years.

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CLOSER TO TOKYO—Sgt. Wallace C. Moore, Edenton, N. C., packs Tony, Seventh Army Air Force mascot, into a barack bag for a journey closer to Tokyo as United States forces occupy new bases in the Marshall Islands.

Final Arguments in Endion Club Eviction Case to Begin Today

Final arguments will be heard this morning in the case of Mrs. Florence C. David's suit to gain possession of her five-story house at 2111 Massachusetts ave. n.w. being contested by the officers of the Endion Club, whose members now occupy the premises.

The trial has been twice interrupted by Judge George D. Neilson, who asked that the case be postponed to permit him to keep appointments made prior to setting of the trial date.

Twenty of the club members listened yesterday as their attorney, Col. Ellis R. Miller, questioned

Herbert W. Primm, assistant real estate officer of the Washington Loan & Trust Co. Colonel Miller introduced as evidence two deeds to the property which were filed in April. He brought out that one of the revisions in the title, which Mrs. David now holds, was that the transfer of title hinged on occupancy of the building by the present tenants.

Principal issue as stipulated by counsel is the question of faith shown in the complaint brought under the terms of the District Emergency Rent Act. The case is expected to reach the jury today.

Dr. B. H. Jarmon Named Religious Director at GW

Dr. B. H. Jarmon of 1802 N. Danville st., Arlington, has been appointed director of religious activities of the George Washington University, it was announced Wednesday. Dr. Jarmon has been a member of the university faculty since 1939 with the rank of associate professor of education.

As director of the religious activities, Dr. Jarmon will supervise the chapel exercises held at the university throughout the year, and will coordinate the activities of the student religious groups. In accepting the appointment, Dr. Jarmon declared:

"I consider my work with the members of our student religious groups a pleasure as well as a matter of great importance in the development of undergraduate life at the university. Their activities benefit greatly from the cooperation of the religious leaders of the city."

Chicken Supper Saturday

Announcement has been made that the Woman's Society of Christian Service of the Methodist Church at Damascus, Md., will sponsor a fried chicken and ham supper at the church Saturday. Mrs. Louise Moore, president of the society, heads the committee of arrangements.

The supper will be held at 7 p.m. and the proceeds will be used for the purchase of a new stove for the church kitchen.

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Leesburg Sergeant Is Reported Wounded

Leesburg, Va., June 22 (AP).—Mr. and Mrs. Eugene S. Adrian were notified yesterday morning by the War Department that their son, Staff Sgt. Eugene Howard Adrian, 116th Infantry, Twenty-ninth Division, had been "seriously wounded in France on June 7." Sgt. Adrian has been in the service three years and in England nearly two years.

Priorities Canceled

Hagerstown, Md., June 22.—All priorities for new dwellings here and in Washington County have been canceled by the National Housing Agency. New houses may be built in the future only with the approval of the War Manpower Commission representative, Brewer L. Stouffer.

It was decided following a survey here and a conference with realtors that there are enough houses here to fill the needs of any additional migrants.

Gas on Stomach

Relieved in 5 minutes or double your money back. When your stomach acts up, FLIT is the answer. FLIT kills gas, acid, indigestion, heartburn, and all stomach troubles. It's the only medicine that works so fast. Buy a big supply of FLIT today!

Elected Grand Knight

Charles A. Gartner has been elected grand knight of Knights of Columbus Council, No. 2323, of Montgomery County, to succeed Clements Gloyd. The other new officers are L. Prescott Fisher, deputy grand knight; William F. Boland, chancellor; Abell Norris, jr., advocate; Arthur Hoyle, warden; Francis Gloyd, inside guard; Lewis P. Weller, outside guard; Claggett Jones, treasurer; John W. Twark, financial secretary; J. Paul Brunet, lecturer; the Rev. J. Gilbert Hann, chaplain; Clements Gloyd, trustee. The installation is scheduled for the July meeting.

KILL HER! DEMON!

She's a disease-carrying DEMON!

Quick! Get the FLIT. Save yourself from the bite that brings burning-chilling miseries of malaria. You FLIT kills Anopheles, the malaria mosquito, as surely as it moves down common household mosquitoes. So why take a chance? Help protect your family from this winged scourge... buy a big supply of FLIT today!

Kills flies, ants, moths, bedbugs, and all mosquitoes.

BE SURE IT'S FLIT!

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WORK TO WIN on this MORNING ENERGY BREAKFAST

Build it around Nabisco Shredded Wheat, natural energy-cereal. Delicious treat!

Oh, what a beautiful morning—with a breakfast that starts you off well! Fruit juice, Nabisco Shredded Wheat, coffee or a glass of milk. Nabisco Shredded Wheat is rich in food-energy, high in proteins, delightful in flavor! You get the richness of sun-ripened wheat, the lasting crispness of golden-toasted biscuits. Delicious with milk—a double treat with fruit or berries added. One of the Basic 7 Foods the Government advises for good health in wartime.

BAKED BY NABISCO... NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

MORNING ENERGY BREAKFAST SALE NOW AT FOOD STORES

NABISCO SHREDDED WHEAT

1. PROTEINS for strength
2. CARBOHYDRATES for energy
3. VITAMIN B, aids digestion
4. IRON for blood-building
5. PHOSPHORUS for strong bones

Housewives will welcome THE NEW, SOFT BOND BREAD!

LOOK FOR "NEW, SOFT" ON THE LABEL

NEW SOFT BOND VITAMIN-ENRICHED

TRY THIS WONDERFUL NEW SOFT BOND... YOU'LL NEVER GO BACK TO ORDINARY BREAD!

6 Advantages of the NEW, SOFT BOND

1. Softer—stays soft and fresh longer.
2. Better flavor than ever.
3. Ten percent richer in effective body-building protein than other popular enriched breads.
4. Makes tender, delicious golden-brown toast.
5. Keeps sandwiches moist—more appetizing.
6. Economical—gives more food value.

Highest quality ingredients, skillfully blended to produce a softer loaf that stays fresh longer

CAKEX Stays In You Retain TRUE FLAVOR!

The delicious aroma of your baking cake is a sign you're being cheated of flavor! Yes, vanilla extract bakes out, boils out, freezes out because it contains lots of alcohol that evaporates fast carrying the flavor with it.

For true flavor—flavor you can enjoy while eating—change to CAKEX. It's the new cherry-blended imitation vanilla that puts flavor in your desserts to stay! It won't readily cook out or freeze out.

Simply delicious! CAKEX makes cake, pudding or ice cream a thrilling new taste treat. And it's so economical. Get the huge 6 oz. bottle—at your grocer's—today.

NEVER SOLD AT OVER 1¢

Sherry-Blended IMITATION VANILLA

Norfolk

New Victory Schedule

8 ROUND TRIPS DAILY

Leave Washington:

8:15 a.m.	2:55 p.m.
8:45 a.m.	4:45 p.m.
10:20 a.m.	8:40 p.m.
11:50 a.m.	9:30 p.m.

For Reservations
CALL REPUBLIC 7070

Convenient ticket offices in Statler and Willard Hotels

PCA
THE CAPITAL AIRLINE

Ringside Table

With Mary Harris

FIESTA ON ICE. Treasure Island's unveiling of the "1944 Ice Parade" was a delicious scenario—customers pleading for tables, skating beauties flashing in simoons of color, owner Peter Arban doing his best to be in six places at once. . . . The Skating Club of Washington occupied a big ringside table, cheered Lillian Tribby, former instructor at the Chevy Chase Ice Palace. Airy, fairy Lillian skated like mad for her pals, in one tremendous leap left the print of her skate on the Treasure Island ceiling. . . . The "Ice Parade" is a really lovely spectacle with star Bette Wharton as the leading vision in a series of acts that begins with an "Ice Fan Dance," concludes with a "Victory Show."

Eddie Rickard, the "Hollywood Shadow Man," whose shadow creations have been preserved for posterity in a couple of movies, has joined the Trade Winds revue.

WOODROW WILSON HIGH SCHOOL scored at Restaurant "400" on "Stardust Night" when the school's Julie Curtis sang her way to top honors. Julie's appeared at the USO and Stage Door Canteen, plans to go to Oberlin College next year. . . . Runners-up were Joe and Tony De Gillini, strictly hep youngsters due to land in ace bands as soon as they grow up.

A JEWELRY, BUT GLORIFIED, has finally appeared in the nitty scene. It's played by Noel Bond in the new Lotus Revue. He whistles, too. . . . The tap dancing of Lane and Small is on the brilliant side, spectacular enough for any stage show. The Lotusettes outdo themselves in a jockey dance wherein they sport silks of pink white and azure, with gold belts.

El Patio's Little Jack Little will switch his daily Treasury hour appearances via WMAL to 5:45 p. m. beginning next week. He hopes to be assigned to a European camp tour within a few weeks.

CHEF'S PARTY. Olmsted's recently registered an exception to the rule that chefs are always busy preparing parties for other people. A magnificent fete was tossed in celebration of Chef Rene Roux's second anniversary at Olmsted's. The restaurant management came through with some overwhelming presents, champagne and an ornate cake topped with a chef's hat made of marzipan.

"Happy" Wilcox, who spreads joy even though he navigates on crutches, is the new emcee at Kavakos Grill. In the show, too, are the dancing Star Sisters, singing Roberts, juggling Banfields.

TOURISTS' GUIDE. Crossroads is a weekender's standard magnet and Mecca. Between the steaks and the hot Crossroads band rhythm, the spot is inevitably packed with satisfied customers. . . . A section of South America on the Baltimore blvd.—that's Lon Conga. Their "Goodwill South American



CONNIE KILBOURN, singing with Hal Lansberry's band in the Congo Room of the Carlton Hotel

Revue" is exactly that—is visited weekly by thousands of Latin Americans as well as Mr. and Mrs. Washington. . . . River Bend's Saturday night dances have attracted the same crowd season after season. That's how nice they are. . . . The Fat Boy out on New York ave. extended, and its little brothers in town, also makes friends and keeps em, is especially gay on weekends. . . . Those who aren't traveling horizontally over the weekend will enjoy leaving town by the vertical route, meaning a trip to that enchanted stratosphere, the Starlight Roof with dancing to Eddie Brown's Band.

OF RHYTHM BOYS. Leader Johnny Robb of the Madrilion is on the stork watch. . . . Charley Parrish is the new sax man with Roy Kyser's band in the Rainbow Room. . . . The draft board is crooking a finger at Beacon Johnson of Pete Macias' crew in the Lounge Riviera. . . . Bob Brewer's nimble keyboard ruffings are keeping the ropes up at the King Cole Room every night after 11. . . . Jack Neal and his Banner Boys have the Hi Hat overflowing into the Ambassador Room every midnight. . . . Maestro Sasha Lucas of the Old New Orleans has been looking younger and gayer every hour since his recent wedding. Another week and he'll be back in his 'teens.

Hunting License Sale Begins July 1 in Md.

Baltimore, June 22 (P).—Maryland hunters were reminded yesterday by State Game Warden E. Lee Lecompte that 1944-45 hunting licenses would go on sale July 1. Permits will be obtainable from clerks of county circuit courts, the Baltimore Court of Common Pleas and from 24 agents throughout the State.

Arthur P. Black Dies; Noted Church Leader

Arthur P. Black, 69, executive secretary of the United Lutheran Church's Laymen's Movement, and one time member of the Ohio Legislature, died yesterday at his home at 4112 Garrison st. nw. after a three-month illness.

Mr. Black came to Washington in 1912 as secretary to the late Senator Atlee Pomerene of Ohio and later served as secretary to the late Senator Edwards of New Jersey. In 1926 he assumed charge of the Lutheran laymen's work, and maintained offices at 1427 I st. nw. He served several terms on the council of Luther Place Memorial Church, Thomas Circle, and was president until his term expired last January.

He was born May 10, 1875, in Sullivan, Ashland County, Ohio,

and studied at Ohio Wesleyan University and Wooster College. He was a teacher in Ashland County schools, and for 10 years was editor of the Ashland Press. Before affiliating with Luther Place Church here, he taught a Bible class at Ingram Memorial Congregational Church, 10th and Massachusetts ave. ne.

Mr. Black is survived by his wife and three daughters—Mrs. C. Clement French, Lynchburg, Va.; Mrs. Percival Hall, jr., of this city, and Mrs. Robert H. Ewing, West Falls Church, Va. Funeral services will be conducted tomorrow at 2 p. m. at Luther Place Church by the Rev. L. Ralph Tabor, pastor; Dr. Gould E. Wickey, executive secretary of the Lutheran Board of Education, and Dr. L. M. Zimmerman, pastor emeritus of Christ Lutheran Church, Baltimore. Interment will be in Cedar Hill Cemetery. The body will rest at Chambers funeral home, 1400 Chapin st. nw., from this morning until tomorrow at 12 p. m.

Rail Suit Seeks To Bar Claim for Extra Day's Pay

The Pennsylvania Railroad Wednesday asked a declaratory judgment in District Court here to invalidate the claim to an extra day's wages, now being made by about 1400 firemen and helpers on engines used in the District for time spent moving empty passenger cars in the Union Station yards.

The complaint, filed by Attorney R. Aubrey Bogley for the rail company, asks the court to declare first, that the work of moving the cars may be required of the men under the terms of an agreement signed in 1941, and second, the claim filed in May by the general chairman of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen that the car-moving work cannot be required of the men is not legally supported by the 1941 agreement; and third, the Pennsylvania Railroad is not legally obligated to satisfy the claim for the extra pay.

Racial Friendliness After War Predicted

Buffalo, N. Y., June 22 (P).—From the war, in which white men and Negroes are fighting and working side by side, will come "greater understanding, greater friendliness and greater toleration," Brig. Gen. Benjamin O. Davis predicts. General Davis, grandson of a slave who rose to be the only Negro general in the United States Army, arrived here last night to participate in a bond rally.

Civil War Veteran Holds One-Man Session

Hazleton, Pa., June 22 (P).—Alfred W. Garbio, 98, of Hazleton, State commander of the Grand Army of the Republic, was the only delegate at the annual encampment of the Pennsylvania Department yesterday. He took the chair, called the meeting together, called for nominations, nominated himself, closed the nominations and re-elected himself.

THE WASHINGTON POST
Friday, June 23, 1944

PUERTO RICAN RUM

... Puerto Rico's oldest Rum distillers have for generations produced "Portela" ... one of the largest selling "quality rums" in Puerto Rico, adhering to the same century old formula ... and proud of its heritage.

PORTELA

Product of I. M. PORTELA & CO., INC.
San Juan, Puerto Rico

RUM

at its best

Distributed by Equitable Trading Corp.
99 HUDSON STREET
New York 13, N. Y.

THE RUM OF PERFECT ORIGIN

Post Want Ads Bring Results

Blankets a Nuisance IN THE BED OF TOMORROW!



... the War Bonds you buy in the 5th War Loan Drive will pay for your "world" of tomorrow!

DESIGNED BY EGMONT ARENS, INDUSTRIAL DESIGNER

Perfect air-conditioning, plus radio, telephone and sun lamp may make tomorrow's bed a grand place to spend that necessary one-third of your life!

In today's war-torn, hurried world, a bed is just a place to try to snatch a few hours of rest in preparation for another day of hard work. But tomorrow, when the grinding, never-ending demands of war have ceased, you're going to want something more than just "a place to sleep." The "Bed of Tomorrow" may be your answer.

This wonderfully luxurious creation is planned to give you perfect rest and relaxation, of course—but that's only a small part of the picture. You'll lie abed and let the health-giving rays of a built-in sun lamp pour upon you. Blankets? A nuisance! Air-conditioning will be automatic. Telephone, radio—every possible convenience at arm's length. This magnificent conception may be yours in the days of peace!

Today, when you ask the man for Gunther's, you are served a fine, premium beer . . . the finest it is possible to brew. But some day . . . who knows? Science may discover a way to brew an even finer beer.

The Gunther Brewing Company, leaders in the brewing industry since 1881, are prepared for any advance made in the brewer's art. They have always bought the finest, most costly malt and hops available . . . and will be quick to take advantage of any discovery that could possibly improve the Gunther's you buy today. If that day comes, you'll find Gunther's premium dry, beery beer *still* great . . . *still* the best beer you ever tasted . . . the finest that can be brewed!

The Gunther Brewing Co., Baltimore, Maryland.

If peace brings even finer beer...

its name will still be

Gunther's



PRICE
REDUCTION!

NEW
3-FLAVOR



DOG FOOD
NOW 10¢

The same fine quality for less money! Due to increased production and consequent manufacturing economies, the price of New 3-Flavor Red Heart is now reduced to 10c per package.

Thus, it is now even *thrifter*, as well as *wiser*, to feed regularly the ration dogs everywhere have proved super-appetizing, richly nourishing. Your dog, too, will really enjoy New Red Heart. . . . and he needs no other food for vigorous good health. Get all 3 flavors for taste variety from your grocer—today.

John Morrell & Co.
General Offices: Ottumwa, Iowa

As the war approaches its tumultuous end, the outline of a projected world organization appears from the President's pen. It is not, of course, the final word. But, since other countries seem to have been slow to develop their plans, it was up to this Government to supply at least a talking point. Besides, our country will soon be in the throes of a presidential campaign, and something tangible which the contestants could discuss was required.

Perhaps it is this aspect of the subject that at the moment is paramount. If the issue could be taken out of politics, then this country would be strengthened immeasurably in negotiations with foreign countries. To this end the President has plainly made a bid for bipartisan agreement. His plan is the result of conferences with members of Congress of both branches which have been held over the course of the last 18 months.

In the accompanying statement the President says he wishes "to emphasize the entirely nonpartisan nature of these consultations." The plan itself wears on its face the look of a bipartisan compromise. A world organization would be set up which would carry out the injunction of the Republican declaration at Mackinac Island of an organization of "sovereign nations".

The President rejects the Stassen notion of "a superstate with its own police forces and other paraphernalia of coercive power". But he does not, of course, disavow the use of force by the nations acting together in what President Wilson called a "community of power". The use of power to keep the peace, however, would be a police job carried out under world law. That is the implicit pledge of the provision in the presidential plan for an international court of justice.

It was a great Republican, Elihu Root, who was the spearhead of the last struggle to obtain American adherence to the World Court.

What is thus envisaged would seem to be little more ambitious than the prewar peace organization. But the little more would make a world of difference. The new mechanism, unlike the last, would be universal. It is incredible in retrospect to think that the Geneva organization started off its career without the participation of the United States and the Soviet Union. The wonder in these circumstances is that the league had any influence at all. Another difference is that there is a clear idea at the start that the organization will use police powers. The President says the council of the world organization would concern itself "with the prevention of threats to the peace or breaches of the peace".

The old league, because of both its lack of universality and the lack of clarity on the use of force, wasn't able to focus world power, and thus was inhibited from exercising it. Power, indeed, was left in a vacuum, and the aggressors stole it while the league kept on talking. The Republican-inspired league to enforce peace, which was bruited during the last war, was a much more decisive instrumentality for the organization of peace than the league which Wilson sponsored.

The President's plan is, of course, highly skeletonized. As a starting point, it is good enough, inasmuch as it lays down in advance (thereby avoiding Wilson's mistake) the minimum requirement of a peaceful world. But it is of the highest importance that the new edifice shall be well and truly built before the shooting is over. Opinion has advanced in both parties to the point of acknowledging that peace cannot be maintained without the use of force. The policemen, of course, will be the major powers, the United States, Britain, the Soviet Union and, by courtesy, China. They will be the wielders of force. Will they agree to the composition of a council of nations which might outvote them on an issue of sanctions? The President says the council shall include the four major nations and "a suitable number of other nations", the latter of which, presumably, would be elected annually by the organization itself. We doubt whether Britain or Russia would welcome more than two of the nonpolicemen on the council.

Moreover, there ought to be regional councils in the new setup. It was always Briand's lament that issues of a more or less local nature were treated by the whole world of nations. They could be relegated to regional groups without detracting in the slightest from the principle of collective security. It is now an open season for ideas on the structure and the policies of the world organization which will underwrite the next peace. The peace which the men on the fighting fronts are spilling their blood to win can be insured only as we fulfill the responsibility appropriate to our power to keep the peace.

Bond Drive

With the fate of the world being shaped on a dozen faraway fighting fronts, there seems little enough that those of us at home can do save stand and wait. There is one thing that we are asked to do, however—help finance the costs of war by the investment of our personal funds in war savings bonds. No doubt this seems pallid and unheroic in comparison with the acts of men in battle. But it is the role assigned to us. Through it, we who stand and wait can also serve.

Here in Washington we appear to have been somewhat laggard in the performance of this service. With the current drive approaching its halfway mark, we have raised a bare quarter of the quota set for us in individual purchases. To interpret the good news which has been pouring in from France and Italy and the Pacific as evidence that our support at home is no longer needed

would be a tragic error and default. Reports of military and naval triumphs should be a spur to us at home. Now, more than at any other time, the men who are meeting the tests of combat need to feel sure that their countrymen are behind them in militant unity.

In any campaign to raise so vast a sum as 18 billion dollars, the individual participant tends to think of himself and his share as insignificant. On the contrary, he and his share, however small, are in the real sense indispensable. They are indispensable in the same way, and for the same reasons, that the individual GI Joe is indispensable to the United States Army. The people of a democracy rely upon one another as soldiers rely upon their comrades. And it is through the vindication of that reliance that democracy functions.

How much the share of each of us should be is a matter for individual determination. It should be as much as each of us can make it by deferring the gratification of his desires until victory has been gained. The test is not how much we contribute in relation to the whole, but how much we contribute in relation to our own personal abilities. There is nothing insignificant about any American who meets that test.

OPA

The speed with which both House and Senate voted approval of the conference report on the price-control extension bill is doubtless explained by the impatience of legislators to clear the decks for preconference adjournment. However, at this juncture further debate would have served little purpose, except to delay enactment of price-control legislation beyond the date when the old act expires, thereby forcing the Administration to rely upon executive orders to prolong the life of OPA. Within a period of four days the conference committee reached an agreement on numerous amendments carried in the House and Senate bills. There were more than 40 such amendments, few of them identical and most of them important.

"The end product of a give-and-take process always leaves some people disappointed," Senator Wagner stated rather apologetically. That will undoubtedly be the reaction in this instance, for both the defenders and the critics of OPA will be dissatisfied with various compromise amendments embodied in the bill sent to the White House. They will be accepted with reluctance by the OPA and approved only with reservations by advocates of the original proposals. For example, the Bankhead amendment has been stripped of unacceptable provisions guaranteeing profits under price ceilings to high-cost mills. Thus modified, it is much less inflationary in its implications than the original proposal, but it still provides for tying ceiling prices of major cotton textile items to parity prices for raw cotton.

Comments on this compromise indicate that OPA will have to do an immense amount of recomputation to establish separate ceiling prices for a lot of textile products, and the proposal will entail modifications of OPA's practice of pricing many cotton products on a general profit basis. Reports that the textile mills are quite well satisfied with the compromise indicate that they anticipate a lifting of ceiling prices for certain of their products. Senator Wagner's explanation of the probable effect of the amendment strengthens that conclusion. In any case the Bankhead amendment represents a weak yielding to group pressure and gives color to charges that its inclusion is designed to win votes for the Administration.

Enforcement of price control is also going to be more difficult under the liberalized procedure authorized in the conference bill. In trying to protect the rights of the individual to test the constitutionality and validity of OPA orders, Congress has opened the way to employment of obstructionist tactics on the part of recalcitrants that will make it much harder to protect consumers. On the other hand, the conference bill has been short of a number of highly destructive amendments, such as the Dirksen amendment throwing the District Courts open to review of OPA regulations and the Senate amendment exempting wage increases up to \$37.50 weekly from WLB control. The latter proposal dismayed the textile industry, as it would have felt the impact of such proposals in demands for wage increases.

A number of amendments designed in one way or another to raise prices of agricultural products have been dropped or made more acceptable. But Congress does not deserve credit for the negative virtue of rejecting its own unsound proposals. A poor legislative product is not deserving of praise just because it narrowly escaped being worse. In viewing the results of the weeks of hard work spent on the bill to extend price control, one cannot escape feeling that Congress would have done better by the OPA and by the public by voting for extension of the system without attempting to modify it. For in the end the attempt at improvement has miscarried because of a flood of amendments that have thrown the program out of balance and are calculated to hamper administration of price control.

PORTENT IN STONE

Years and strength of granite flows
In this field were sown
Upon the wind; unheeded
The portent in the stone
That boded the acre straitly
And marked it for its own.

Now dust to dust is gathered,
The body spirit flown,
On this triumphant hillside
Stone returns to stone.

PHYLIS MORDEN.

Germany's Real Aims

By Paul Winkler

Compromise Peace

In warfare as in chess, it is always an advantage to discern the real aims of your opponent. The aim of Germany, since the start of the invasion, is not for the complete defeat of that movement, which is apparently considered impossible, but for a compromise peace, according to the opinion of the well-informed Swiss newspaper, the *St. Gallen Tagblatt*. Official sources, at least, are dangling this hope before the eyes of the people. "One hears from German circles daily," the Swiss paper reports, "that after the failure of the invasion," the British and Americans will be obliged to accept the idea of a compromise with the Reich."

It is always possible that such statements have to be discounted as being intended to mislead the Allies, but in this case it seems more probable that this attitude should actually be classed among the cases of official candor, like Hitler's "Mein Kampf," which set down with great exactitude and without concealment the aims of the Third Reich, and even the means by which they were to be achieved. The allusion to "the failure of the invasion" is no doubt chiefly propaganda, and does not represent any real belief on the part of German leaders that the assault can be checked; though it may well be that the Nazis do hope to catch the Allies psychologically off their guard—in order to propose a peace which would offer loopholes to the Germans but appear as a victory to the Allies, so that they might accept it at a moment of tough going.

If they could bring about such a result, Germany would then be in a position to repeat the program of 1918, when a fictitious republic set to work immediately after defeat in World War I to prepare for World War II.

Defensive Building

To provide the moments of tough going which might give the Germans the opportunity to get away with a deceptive peace offer, they are now multiplying the fortifications of the territory they hold. The *St. Gallen Tagblatt* draws a parallel between the Maginot Line mentality of the French in 1940 and what it calls "bunkeritis" in Germany today. Bunkers are being constructed by the Germans at all points where an invasion or an advance seems likely. Some are being erected in the middle of the port of Marseilles, though they will hinder fire-fighting operations if ships are bombed in the harbor. On the coast of Schleswig-Holstein, 10,000 workers of the Todt organization are erecting fortifications "of unknown strength." Cement and steel constructions are going up in Austria, Czechoslovakia and Hungary. In France three main lines of defense have been set up.

Swiss observers suggest that this German Maginot Line mentality will end with a collapse similar to that of France in 1940. But it seems possible that "bunkeritis" isn't affecting the Germans in quite the same way that the Maginot Line affected the French. The latter based their actions on the theory that their fortresses actually did give them adequate preparation against invasion. It seems probable that the Germans do not really believe that their bunkers can protect them for any length of time against powerful attacks, but look upon them as more useful psychologically than militarily. Psychologically, the appearance of the bunkers may operate both on the inhabitants of the German territories and the invaders; they may reassure the first, and by causing temporary difficulties for the second may predispose them to easier acceptance of deceptive peace offers.

Controlling the People

Inside Germany, the Nazis are apparently attempting to gain time and to prevent the people from losing their heads. They are using the classical combination of softness and hardness. The soft part of the method consists in holding out to the people the hope of a peace which will not be too drastic if they only remain firm. The hard part specializes in pitiless punishment for any display of weakness.

The Swedish newspaper *Ny Dag* reports that when a woman in a public air raid shelter lost her child in the crowd and became hysterical, the SS shelter guardian simply drew his revolver and killed her. "The worst thing about this incident," the paper wrote, "was not the cold-blooded murder itself, but the fact that there was no reaction to this crime from anyone present in the shelter."

Is the passive acceptance of such methods by the German people an indication of lack of courage, of instilled discipline, or of simple fear of being next themselves? Possibly these are only three different ways from which the same state of mind can be regarded. A similar phenomenon appears in American prison camps for Germans, where members of the local *Fehme* detachments entered barracks at night to attack anti-Nazi prisoners, while all the others, whatever their political opinions, preferred to pretend to be still asleep.

When terror operates, it is not always easy to know whether its success is due to the strength of the terrorists or the weakness of the terrorized. And when peace comes, it will be a difficult matter to distinguish between "terrorized" Germans and "disciplined" Germans, to separate the sheep from the goats.

Baltic Sea Routes

By Joachim Joesten

Short-Cut To Berlin

AS THE FIRST great invasion battle rages on the beaches of Normandy, and the Allied push beyond Rome gains momentum, the world wonders where the next blow will fall on the Reich in the grand pattern of encirclement now unfolding before our eyes. The Germans, who guessed pretty well in advance that the opening gambit would be made somewhere between Le Havre and Cherbourg, now declare they expect the next stroke in the long-quiet northern theater of war. According to the Nazi commentator, Martin von Hallerstein, great concentrations of shipping have been observed by German scout planes in ports of northern England and Scotland. And from Swedish sources comes a steady stream of reports that large Russian land and naval forces are poised for action in the Baltic.

These portents, to which has just been added a sensational Allied warning to fishermen to keep out of coastal waters from Norway to France, recall to mind one of the most daring projects ever conceived for breaking through to the very core of German might, the so-called Fisher Plan.

LORD FISHER of Kilverstone, dubbed by some "the greatest British sailor since Nelson," was First Sea Lord when, in the fall of 1914, the urgent need arose to relieve the hard-pressed Russian armies in the East. Two alternative plans, both equally ambitious, were under consideration by the British War Council. One was for the British Navy to break through the hostile Dardanelles into the Black Sea; the other was to invade the Baltic by way of the neutral Danish Straits.

Lord Fisher, a man of great originality and of a fierce temper, went all out for the Baltic project. He worked out a detailed plan for attacking German warships from the rear with a great British armada which was to force the Straits, then make for Riga and neighboring ports, where it was to pick up a large Russian army to be landed on the beaches of Pomerania, only a hundred miles or so from Berlin.

At first Admiral Fisher's bold plan was well received by the war cabinet, though the Prime Minister, Mr. Asquith, was rather sceptical about it. But with the ardent support of the First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. Winston Churchill, and of the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. David Lloyd George, Lord Fisher was able to put through a vast construction program calling for a special fleet of some 612 combat and landing craft to be built in a few months.

However, when the great armada was nearing completion, the wind turned in the war council, where Mr. Asquith gradually swung a majority, to abandon the Baltic project in favor of a Dardanelles campaign. The final decision was made at the historic council meeting of January 28, 1915, where the plan to attack the Turkish Straits was adopted over the fierce opposition of Lord Fisher. As a result, the 612 specially built vessels of the Baltic armada were, in Lord Fisher's own words, "perverted and diverted to purposes for which they were unfitted and employed in waters to which they were unsuited."

WITH THE

overall military situation now once more pretty much what it was during the last war, the question arises whether a modernized version of Fisher plan would have a chance of success. Regardless of whether or not any such idea is being en-

tertained by the Allied High Command, it may be of interest to discuss the geographical and strategic considerations militating for and against the scheme, today as in 1914.

Three channels give access from the North Sea to the Baltic and to the German shores beyond. Two of them, the Great Belt and the Little Belt, belong to Denmark alone and have been, since April 9, 1940, under German military control. The third, the Oresund or Sound, is under the divided sovereignty of Denmark and Sweden, only the western part thus being fully controlled by the Germans as matters stand today.

Before the last war, all three channels were legally open to all shipping at all times. Both Denmark and Sweden had promised to keep the Straits open even in wartime, but the Danish government, following a virtual German ultimatum on August 5, 1914, closed the Belts and the western run of the Sound with mines. Sweden, faithful to her commitments, kept the eastern run of the Sound open to vessels of all nations, though the Allies, of course, could use it only with submarines.

In the present war, the international status of the Baltic Straits has been a matter of pure theory ever since the Germans seized Denmark and Norway, thus advancing their first line of defense to the outer rim of the Baltic where a heavy mine barrier now blocks the entrance from the North Sea into the Skagerrak.

OF THE three channels, the westernmost or Little Belt must be ruled out as a path of invasion. Though it is deep and navigable, the Little Belt, because of its sinuous course and extreme narrowness at points (only 700 yards between Fredericia and Middelfart) strategically must be regarded as a river. It could not possibly be used by Allied naval forces as long as both banks are in German hands.

On the other side, the sound, while normally the main traffic artery between North Sea and Baltic, is not suited for large vessels, drawing 27 feet of water or more. While to the north the narrow passage between Elsinore and Helsingborg is deep enough to let even battleships through, the position is different at the southern end of the sound where it leads into the Baltic. Here, between Copenhagen and Malmö, the sea-bottom rises, leaving only two narrow lanes for navigation: the 26½-foot-deep "Drogden" on the Danish side and the "Flin-tranran," 24 feet deep, on the Swedish. Thus battleships and heavy cruisers are automatically excluded from both runs of the sound.

The only channel, then, through which the great armada envisioned by Admiral Fisher could reach the Baltic is the Great Belt. With an average width of from 15 to 18 miles, the Great Belt, even at its narrowest, between Nyborg and Korsør, measures 11 miles from shore to shore. Although there are many hidden shoals and strong currents, ships of all sizes can negotiate the Great Belt's "Dybe Rendte" (Deep Run), and proceed through the adjoining Langeland Belt into the Baltic proper.

In a way, the situation is more propitious now than it was in 1914-18 for an Allied naval thrust into the Baltic. So we may yet see the Fisher Plan sooner or later come true as a mighty Allied armada forces its way through the Røgerskær mine-fields and the Great Belt defenses to land American, British, and perhaps Russian troops on the beaches of Germany.

Letters To The Editor

Communications must carry the writer's name and address, though pen names are permitted at the editor's discretion. Letters should be held to not more than 200 words. They are subject to condensation.

Rent Control

Permit me to compliment The Post on the editorial on Friday, June 16, on the subject of rent boosting. Since this editorial stated "An official organization representing small business is already pushing for an extension for rent control to the commercial field," we assume the reference was to the American Business Congress, since we know of no other organization attempting to get relief for the small businessman.

I am sure The Post realizes the tremendous aid it can render to the small businessman of America through continued mention of this pressing problem in its columns. It is far removed from the pressure of New York real estate interests and need not give their demands even remotely serious consideration.

HAROLD M. SCHWAB,
Executive Director, American Business Congress,
New York, N. Y., June 20.

Mount Vernon

Yesterday I took the boat trip to Mount Vernon to visit Washington's home.

There were only four widely separated drinking fountains on the grounds to handle several thousand people. Since this is a national shrine, and people from all over the world go there, would it not be better to have more drinking fountains and a first-aid room to take care of those prostrated by the heat?

I asked an attendant why something was not done to take care of these people, and he said "Why do they come in such number and on such hot days?"

RICHARD T. BOWE,
Arlington, Va., June 18.

Republican Plank

By Mark Sullivan

Peace Organization

AT THIS MOMENT, and for the next five days, the hope for an international organization to preserve peace is face to face with its first hurdle. The hurdle may be expressed thus: Will anything happen at the Republican National Convention to give a set-back to the project?

Up to now, the probable answer is happily no. But the situation is delicate; it is surrounded by pitfalls, natural or planned; and it is at the mercy of accidents.

The central facts are: Republican leaders at Mackinac Island last September adopted a resolution favoring "a postwar cooperative organization among sovereign nations." To this resolution, Secretary of State Hull has conformed—nothing that he has proposed would contravene the announced Republican policy. Mr. Hull's cooperation goes further—he has scrupulously followed a policy designed to bring about a proposal having bipartisan support. To this policy the Republican Party leaders in turn have conformed. They have kept in touch with Mr. Hull, cooperated with him. The cooperation has been such that last November an agreement brought about by Mr. Hull at a conference with Russian and British officials, was endorsed by the Senate in an extraordinary vote—85 to 5, practically all of both parties.

THE NEXT formal step in cooperation will be the action of the Republican resolutions committee at the Chicago convention, to be followed by the action of the convention itself next week.

The prospect is good. The resolutions committee seems disposed to reaffirm the Mackinac resolution. The chairman of the committee, very able Senator Robert A. Taft of Ohio, is favorable to an international organization—he, like his father, President Taft, was a League of Nations man 25 years ago. Mr. Taft is a clear-minded, firm-seated person. Boat-rockers will have trouble shaking him off balance.

But the boat-rockers are gathering at Chicago. They are good-intentioned, indeed, overconfidence in the goodness of their intentions is what makes them difficult. They are zealous for some one narrowly-defined purpose or another. Some want more than the Mackinac resolution, some want less. Other groups have purposes, laudable enough but difficult, about the related question of making peace. Some want a resolution for a negotiated peace, at once. Others want a resolution for unconditional surrender. Yet others want declaration on specific details of the peace arrangements, such as the disposition of Poland.

BESIDES

the boat-rockers, there is the risk of sheer accident. This week a member of the British government said something interpreted as meaning that the United States had provoked Japan to attack upon us—and seismic echoes reverberated in the corridors of Chicago. As a cautious, off-hand statesman, Mr. Asquith, official in any Allied capital might upset the apple-cart. A mere phrase, half a dozen words, could be as inflammable as gas.

But Chairman Taft in his political lifetime has stood up against many a gale. Several of the members of the resolutions committee are experienced old-timers, not to be moved by gusts. The prospect is that the resolutions committee will stand firm, and will also be able to deliver a report through the convention as a whole. If so, a long step will be taken toward keeping the international association out of the presidential campaign.

Willkie's Platform

Mr. Willkie's articles on the issues of the campaign are a clear endorsement of all the purposes of the New Deal, criticizing only details of administration.

The New Deal has greatly strengthened the powers of the Federal Government, because only the Federal Government has the power needed to overcome serious unemployment or to regulate huge corporations which operate in many States. Mr. Willkie sees that this is a sound and necessary trend.

The New Deal has made a beginning in providing Social Security against unemployment and old age. Mr. Willkie says that is a good thing and gives some praise to the Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill, which would improve the benefits, increase the number of beneficiaries and broaden the scope of Social Security.

Mr. Roosevelt has tried, through his creation of the Fair Employment Practices Committee, to give Negroes a better break in employment opportunities. Mr. Willkie endorses such a move. He takes a crack at those Republicans and Tory Democrats who voted for the Smith-Connolly bill which President Roosevelt tried to veto.

It takes great courage for a Republican to endorse these progressive purposes and measures for which the Roosevelt Administration has been responsible.

ALFRED BAKER LEWIS,
New York, N. Y., June 17.

Finnish Minister

The kindest reference that can be made to Hjalmar Procopé is that he represented a Fascist-dominated government. Mr. Procopé had every opportunity to repudiate the activities of his government by refusing to represent it—ambassadors have taken such steps in the past. The fact that he has never moved in this direction, and, on the contrary, recently affirmed support of his government, is a definite indication of Mr. Procopé's true sentiments. Referring to his presence as inimical is putting it mildly.

WALTER J. BAUMSTEIN,
Washington, June 19.

Republican Trends

By Ernest Lindley

Willkie And The Convention

THE ROOSEVELTIAN who have praised Wendell Willkie's recent series of newspaper articles have only been conceding in a verdict previously reached by many Republicans.

1. That Willkie's views on both international and domestic affairs are not far removed from Mr. Roosevelt's.

2. That Willkie's views are not representative of the majority of Republican politicians.

That this verdict is substantially correct is indicated not only by the fact that Willkie, in spite of his excellent run in 1940, is not going to be renominated, but by the fact that the controlling influences in the Republican National Convention are determined to keep him at arm's length. According to the present plan he will be allowed to sit on the speakers' platform at the convention, but will not be allowed to speak, either to the convention or to the resolutions committee, on anything more controversial than the sale of war bonds.

The verdict is underwritten further by the indisputable record of the Republican Party in Congress during the last four years, which, in large part, is at odds and incompatible with the policies advocated by Willkie. It is underwritten by the violent attacks on Willkie's articles from numerous Republican sources.

THE SITUATION is summed up in a sentence used repeatedly by regular Republicans in Congress and the press, including some of Governor Dewey's ardent supporters: "The nomination of Willkie would deprive the voters of a real choice in November."

By similar analysis, most of the higher-ranking Democratic politicians long ago concluded that Willkie would be the Republican nominee hardest for Roosevelt to defeat in 1944. Willkie, they believed, would have the strongest appeal of any Republican to the marginal voters who can decide a close election.

Some of the eagles of the anti-Rooseveltians obviously are anxious about the intentions of Willkie and his following. They have launched a four-sided campaign: (1) to put enough of the Willkie flavor into the Chicago platform to make it difficult for him to withhold his endorsement; (2) to convince the Willkie following that Dewey is just as liberal—and that therefore the only choice in November, assuming

ing Roosevelt's renomination, will be between youthful vigor and administrative capacity, on the one side, and an aging President and Cabinet and administrative muddling, on the other; (3) to deride Willkie for catering to liberals who, they contend, did not vote for him in 1940 and would not in 1944; and (4) to build up the thesis that he will be a "poor sport," indeed an ingrate of the worst sort, if he does not work more for Dewey's election with energy and complete enthusiasm incongruously, all four of these arguments were recently advanced in a single column by one of the more polemic of the anti-Roosevelt writers.

UNDOUBTEDLY THE Republican platform writers will go a considerable distance toward Willkie's views. Dewey, after his nomination, probably will go even further. That would be no more than routine politics. The Republican nominee will receive automatically the vote of the indeterminate opponents of Mr. Roosevelt and of his foreign and domestic policies. As a smart politician, Dewey can be relied upon to seek the marginal votes, a large number of which are to be found among the Willkie Republicans and independents. He could engage in this quest more convincingly probably than Governor Bricker, Senator Taft, or any other Republicans who are more deeply rooted in the Old Guard tradition—although, in comparison with many of his fellow Republicans in Congress, Taft is a liberal.

Many of the President's supporters would welcome a Roosevelt-Willkie ticket, accompanied by the understanding that, as Vice President, Willkie would assume general responsibility for the conduct of domestic affairs. But party traditions and the personal attitudes of the two principals stand as barriers to such an arrangement. Everything indicates that Mr. Willkie intends to preserve his position as a Republican. He may be looking forward to 1948, since Dewey's election is at least doubtful.

His support of Dewey may be perfunctory or energetic. Either way, it is improbable that he can swing to Dewey or to another Republican all of the votes that would have been his if the Republicans had been willing to renominate him. Dewey is not Willkie, and the controlling influences in the Republican Party obviously find many of Willkie's policies repugnant, even though they may swallow a few of them in the interest of amity and with the hope of victory.

Off The Record

By Ed Reed



The Gallup Poll

Midwest Republicans Hold To Dewey as First Choice

By George Gallup
Director American Institute of Public Opinion

Princeton, N. J., June 22.—(Re)stitute among voters who express a preference for a Republican candidate. The line-up follows:

EAST CENTRAL SECTION
(Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan)
Thomas E. Dewey..... 45%
John W. Bricker..... 21
Harold E. Stassen..... 15

WEST CENTRAL SECTION
(Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska, South Dakota, North Dakota)
Thomas E. Dewey..... 58%
John W. Bricker..... 8
Harold E. Stassen..... 15

In today's survey a total of 30 per cent in the East Central section and 19 per cent in the West Central was cast for other Republican leaders, mainly Wendell Willkie and General Douglas MacArthur.

Delegates from the 13 States of the East and West Central sections will make up approximately one-third of the total of the nominating convention. However, the popular support of various candidates will not necessarily reflect the way delegates from each area cast their final votes at the convention next week.

President Signs Veteran Benefits Bill

— President Roosevelt, signing the veterans' aid "G. I. Bill of Rights," urged yesterday that Congress make similar provision for unemployment compensation and Government-financed education for members of the Merchant Marine.

Mr. Roosevelt used 10 pens to put his signature to the G. I. bill, which authorizes Federal loans, hospitalization, job insurance, education and other postwar benefits, estimated to cost three billion to \$6,500,000,000, for the men and women now in uniform.

After a stroke or two with each, the President handed the pens one by one over his shoulder to leaders of Congress and veterans' organizations who watched him sign the measure.

"Program Nearly Completed"

"With the signing of this bill, a well rounded program of special veterans' benefits is nearly completed," Mr. Roosevelt said. "It gives emphatic notice to the men and women in our armed forces that the American people do not intend to let them down."

The President added that he wanted one thing more for veterans—extension of social security credits on old-age pensions and survivors' insurance for time spent in the armed services.

"I trust," he continued in a statement, "that the Congress will also soon provide similar opportunities for postwar education and unemployment insurance to the members of the Merchant Marine who have risked their lives time and again during this war for the welfare of their country."

Postwar Laws Asked

The United States now has about 155,000 merchant seamen.

Mr. Roosevelt also prodded Congress for action on general legislation for postwar economic reconversion.

Declaring that what service men and women want most is assurance of satisfactory employment when they return to civil life, he said he hoped that Congress would speed action on legislation for "development of unified programs for the demobilization of civilian war workers, for their reemployment in peacetime pursuits, and for provisions, in cooperation with the States, of appropriate unemployment benefits during the transition from war to peace."

Hagerstown Fair Stock Brings All-Time High

Hagerstown, Md., June 22.—Hagerstown fair stock sold at public auction at an all-time high Wednesday when a share was purchased for \$175. This was from \$75 to \$85 above recent sales.

The Hagerstown Fair Association announced that the annual agricultural fair will be held the week of September 18.

Made Commissioner

Annapolis, Md., June 22 (P).—J. Kiefer Funk of Hagerstown was yesterday appointed to the Washington County Board of Commissioners by Governor O'Connor to succeed the late Ernest W. Miller.

Funk, a farmer and former school teacher and overtime member of the Maryland Legislature, is also on the county board of education.

The Washington

Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

THE ARGUMENT over the quick-release parachute harness was revived this week by Life Magazine, which contended that the United States Army preferred the slower triple-release harness which has to be unfastened over the shoulder and at each thigh.

This argument, however, was settled once and for all by Maj. Gen. O. P. Echols of the Army Air Forces when he appeared before the House Appropriations Committee.

He was asked by Representative Case, South Dakota Republican, "What is the current policy with regard to the procurement of parachute equipment?"

General Echols replied: "The current policy is to procure the single-point quick release."

Representative Case: "Is the quick-release parachute regarded as having special value for flying over water?"

General Echols: "Yes."

Representative Case: "In other respects, is the other type of parachute regarded as useful?"

General Echols: "The quick-release single point, as I am now informed, has some advantages for paratroopers. They can release it with one hand and carry equipment with the other hand. It took them quite some time to arrive at the conclusion."

Most significant part of General Echols' testimony, however, was regarding the Navy.

"The Navy still has the policy of continuing procurement of the present conventional parachute," Echols explained. "They do not like the quick-release chute."

"It would be assumed that more of the Navy flying is done over water than the Army," Representative Case remarked.

"Yes, sir," replied Echols, and then explained that the Army had to break away from the Navy's policy of buying the old-fashioned three-point-release chutes.

"The Navy did not agree," he said. "That had something to do with the slowness with which we arrived at a decision."

Questioned by Representative Case regarding comparative costs, General Echols replied: "The single-release parachute is more costly. But I am quite sure that the cost of the item itself, as compared with the importance of it, is very little and should not be given consideration."

Mix-Up in Senators
POPULAR SENATOR SCOTT

LUCAS of Illinois received a phone call the other day from the secretary of Senator Kenneth Wherry of Nebraska, informing him that Wherry had a \$1000 contribution for Lucas' campaign.

Senator Lucas is up for reelection this year, naturally is receptive to any help from friends. However, he was surprised that he, a Democrat and staunch Administration supporter, should get aid from Senator Wherry of Nebraska, a staunch Republican and bitter Roosevelt critic. Ever since Wherry replaced Senator George Norris he has relentlessly runned for Democrats.

So when Lucas encountered Wherry later on the Senate floor, he went up to him and said: "Where's that thousand dollars you have for my campaign?"

"I don't have any thousand dollars for you," snapped Wherry in amazement.

"Why, your secretary called and said you had \$1000 for my campaign," declared Lucas. Then, noting the Nebraskaan's discomfiture, he added, "Are you holding out on me?"

Flabbergasted, the Nebraska Senator thought a moment and then cleared up the embarrassing mystery.

"That secretary of mine!" he exclaimed. "I told him to call up Rufus, meaning Rufus Holman (Senator from Oregon), and tell him I had \$1000 for his campaign. He must have thought I said Lucas and called you by mistake."

Politics And Facts

POLITICS—Senator Gerald Nye, frantically running for renomination, is telling North Dakota that, by virtue of his powerful position as ranking minority member of the Senate Appropriations Committee, he brought many war projects to his State.

FACT—Real truth is that North Dakota has received far less in war contracts than any other State in the Union. Of the 182 billion dollars in war contracts, North Dakota got only 11 million dollars. Next lowest State is Wyoming, with 63 million. South Dakota got 76 million, Montana got 75 million, Nebraska got 906 million, and Minnesota got 114 billion.

NOTE—Nye used his powerful position on the Appropriations Committee to fight against every national defense measure until after Pearl Harbor.

THE WASHINGTON POST

Friday, June 23, 1944

Bond Appeal Nets \$76,775 at Theater

A total of \$76,775, representing more than 1000 per cent above the quota, was subscribed in bonds Tuesday night at the Fifth War Loan Drive premiere at the Marlboro Theater, Upper Marlboro, Md. Approximately 600 persons attended.

Representative Lansdale G. Sasser, (D.), Prince Georges County, addressed the gathering. T. Howard Duckett is the county drive chairman, and Stuart Brown is area chairman.

Another bond drive is scheduled in the Hyattsville Theater, Hyattsville, Md., and two are to be held June 27, one in the Mito Theater, Rockville, Md., and in the Bethesda Theater, Bethesda, Md. These represent the Sidney Lust chain of theaters.

Housewife Wages Vain War on Army Of Caterpillars

Chicago, June 22 (P).—Mrs. Florence Sebeck's small brick home was invaded Wednesday by caterpillars—thousands of 'em—and although she waged a battle against the insects' attack, she admitted defeat.

The crawlers swarmed down from a locust tree in Mrs. Sebeck's front yard and covered the porch, windows and walls of her home.

"Not only has my home been invaded," Mrs. Sebeck said, "but the darn things have established a beachhead on my living room ceiling. We swept them out with a broom; we brushed them off porches and screens by the bucketful and still they came."

Same Florio, living next door to Mrs. Sebeck, frantically spraying water over his house as the caterpillars headed for his dwelling, said:

"We have been outflanked."

Nazi Bodies Drift Into Bosphorus

Istanbul, June 22 (P).—"Hundreds" of bodies of German soldiers, apparently from troop transports sunk by the Russians in the Black Sea, are drifting into the Bosphorus, it was reported yesterday.

Douglass Confirmed

The nomination of Frank P. Douglass of Oklahoma to be a member of the National Mediation Board was confirmed Wednesday by the Senate.

Gen. Bonesteel Succeeds Emmons on West Coast

Maj. Gen. Charles Hartwell Bonesteel, former commander of the United Nations forces in Iceland and more recently commanding general of the Infantry School at Fort Benning, Ga., will succeed Lieut. Gen. Delos Emmons as Western defense commander, the War Department announced Wednesday night.

General Emmons is leaving the San Francisco assignment for an "important" undisclosed post.

Following Arab Blake on a spy hunt turns out to be an amphibious operation.

Readers of the first Arab and Andy mystery, *Don't Catch Me*, know that the lid's off whenever the lovely Arab's on the loose.

For instance, you may think it highly improbable that a U.S. warship could edge into the

fracas, but then you underestimate Arab's activities in

All Over But The Shooting

by Richard Powell

Price \$2.00

An Inner Sanctum Mystery PUBLISHED BY SIMON AND SCHUSTER

P. S. The Security Committee of the OWI considers the "Danger of Loose Talk" chapter so important that it is distributing hundreds of thousands of copies among war workers and government employees.

Washington Calling

By Marquis Childs

Invisible Candidates

THE REPUBLICAN host gathering in Chicago may really be in doubt, as the advance stories would indicate, as to who will be their nominee, but the Democratic politicians here who must put over the fourth term are fixing their sights on one man and only one man, Thomas E. Dewey.

They are re-erecting the pledges he made, when he was running for the Governorship of New York and later when he took over at Albany, to stay by the Governorship. It was less than two years ago, on August 24, 1942, that Dewey, in accepting the Republican nomination for Governor, made the unequivocal statement:

"Let me say now that I shall devote the next four years exclusively to the service of the people of New York State."

In coming months, that will be thrown up at the Governor frequently if he is the nominee of his party for President. Of course, Dewey will answer that a higher duty calls him to the service of the Nation.

ON FEBRUARY 25, 1943, shortly after his inauguration, he authorized his secretary to say: "He is not and will not become a candidate for any other nominal nomination during his term." A few months later he went even further in an interview with a correspondent from Washington. The Governor was quoted then as saying:

"I do not believe in drafts for a presidential nomination. I do not believe that an honest-to-goodness draft ever nominated a presidential candidate of one of the major political parties."

Against the background of these very positive declarations that "honest-to-goodness" has a funny sound as of the present date—the Democrats will attack Dewey for being willing to turn the government of his State over to Lieutenant Governor Joe Hanley. As part of this attack, Hanley's record will come under fire.

According to reports here, several unfavorable stories about Dewey's lieutenant governor are shortly to be unleashed. Everyting possible will be done to show that Hanley is unfit to take over the Governorship of the Empire State and that, therefore, Dewey is faithless to his trust.

WORKING TO make things tough for Dewey, whom they fully expect to be the nominee, the Democrats know there are awkward skeletons in the Roosevelt Cabinet. Above all else they want to avoid a repetition of the phony atmosphere that pervaded the draft-Roosevelt convention in 1940.

For this reason, in the inner councils, serious consideration is being given to a change of strategy. A plan has been put forward under which President Roosevelt would announce in advance of the Democratic convention that he felt compelled to run again.

Here is the way it would work. Immediately after the Republicans announce their platform and pick a candidate, Robert Hannegan, national Democratic chairman, would publicly inform Roosevelt that the draft was complete, a large majority of the delegates being pledged to a fourth term.

Roosevelt would thereupon reply that, in light of the Republican declarations and their choice of a nominee, he would perforce submit to the people the issue of whether they desired continuity of his policies through the final victory and a secure peace. You can be assured that such a statement, if the final decision is to make it, would be phrased with all of FDR's mastery political skill.

Thus, the Democratic convention would frankly be a ratification meeting with no hocus-pocus about a draft and with the reluctant candidate finally yielding. But under this strategy, if it goes through, the vice presidential nomination would be wide open, subject only to Roosevelt's veto. And the choice of the professionals in Chicago would not be Henry Wallace.

The political war will soon be on. This year the quadrennial conflict must be fitted into the pattern of the bigger war that involves us all.

Germans Trying To Surrender Irk Cameraman

With American Forces Before Cherbourg, June 22 (P).—German stragglers are wandering in to surrender, sometimes with amusing results.

Harry Harris, Associated Press photographer of Flushing, N. Y., found them very annoying at Barneville.

"While we were eating, the Germans kept coming in and wanting to know where they could surrender," he said. "We couldn't eat for those lugs."

French civilians suggested to Harris that he give up eating and go into the woods and round up the prisoners. "But I figured flash bulbs weren't good enough weapons," Harris retorted.

HOW to buy WAR BONDS during the 5th War Loan Drive

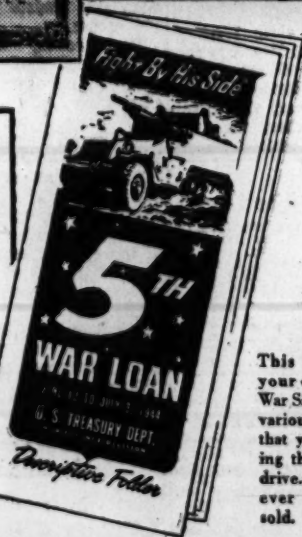
...At any Post Office, Bank or Trust Company and numerous other places

DECIDE in whose name your Series E Bonds are to be registered.

- A In the name of one individual (see \$100 Bond above), or
- B In the names of two individuals as co-owners (see \$25 Bond above), or
- C In the names of one individual as owner and one other individual as beneficiary (see \$1,000.00 Bond above)

SELECT the kind and size of Bonds your conscience tells you you should buy. For example, with each of the following amounts you can buy a Series E War Savings Bond:

- \$ 18.75 buys a \$25 bond
- \$ 37.50 buys a \$50 bond
- \$ 75.00 buys a \$100 bond
- \$375.00 buys a \$500 bond
- \$750.00 buys a \$1,000 bond



This folder answers your questions about War Savings Bonds and various other securities that you can buy during the 5th War Loan drive. It's FREE whenever War Bonds are sold.

Your investments in War Bonds are backed by the credit and resources of the United States

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PLASTICS
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Plastics Division of Carbide and Carbon Chemicals Corporation

This Morning

With Shirley Povich

That was a clever job Nick Latsios did in the ring with Henry Armstrong the other night despite the fact Armstrong was the winner. Not only did Latsios go the full 10 rounds, but going into the tenth it was an even fight on the score sheet of Referee Charley Reynolds.

Sure, Latsios was on his bicycle, back-pedaling in most every round, but that was his plan of battle. He wasn't going to fight Armstrong's fight and get himself knocked out. The Greek soldier boy was doing very well until that tenth when Armstrong finally tagged him twice on the chin to win the round and get the decision.

It's no disgrace to dance away from a guy like Armstrong. That's how Gene Tunney beat Jack Dempsey twice. Latsios was full of purpose all night. He trained to keep Armstrong from being set with his punches. Armstrong was missing crudely throughout. Latsios was keeping him off with a left hand and getting clean shots to Armstrong's chin with his uppercuts.

Armstrong showed his disgust in the ninth round when he turned his back on Latsios and went into a little dance to show the futility of trying to catch up with Nick. That could have been something strictly to get the sympathy of the crowd and the judges, though. Armstrong knew it was close at that point and that he could drop the decision.

Super condition paid off for Latsios. He made Armstrong move faster than the Hammer had bargained for. Latsios was tight in the early rounds and over cautious, but he gathered confidence from the fourth round on. After that, he was out to win the fight. He stabbed Armstrong repeatedly with lefts and landed also with his right. It wasn't thrilling, but Latsios was piling up points.

Among other things, Latsios vindicated the District Boxing Commission which had originally vetoed the fight on grounds that Nick was too green to be in the same ring with Armstrong. Latsios finally won commission approval and demonstrated that he belonged.

Latsios' trainer, Naiman Massey, and his manager, Pete Gianaris, are laughing off Armstrong's complaints that Latsios wouldn't stand up and fight. "I suppose we should be very, very nice and play Armstrong's game," said Gianaris. "Armstrong is a tough guy to fight, now he knows that other guys can be fought to fight, too. He didn't like Latsios' style any more than Nick liked his."

What is coming up, of course, is a Latsios-Aron Perry fight. That one is in for July 17. If terms can be arranged, Latsios is top dog now among the Washington welterweights since Perry was stopped by Armstrong. There will probably be a battle about the percentages. Perry is still in drawing card in Washington.

A Latsios-Perry fight is the biggest fight actual in Washington in years. They're both punchers despite the fact Latsios wasn't able to cut loose often with his right hand against Armstrong. He was too busy defending himself against Armstrong's rushes. Perry doesn't move as fast.

Latsios vs. Perry should be the perfect match. The only two bouts in which Perry hasn't done well were against Armstrong and Angott. They outsmarted him and made a target of the colored boy. Latsios, when he isn't fighting Armstrong, is a stand-up boxer like Perry. Faster, perhaps, but lacking Perry's two-handed punching power. Latsios' left is more annoying than painful.

Against Armstrong, Latsios couldn't afford to be careless. He did, in the tenth round, and lost the fight. The pressure would be off for Latsios against Perry. It would be a better fight.

Upperville, Va., June 21.—Thirty-three classes have been announced for the one-day horse show of the Upperville Colt and Horse Show Association, scheduled Saturday, July 8, at Grafton Farm, near Upperville. This fifty-third annual event of the oldest horse show in America is having a one-day exhibition this year instead of the usual two-day event.

Another change is holding the show in July instead of the traditional month of June in order that the farm folks of this section will have a better opportunity to attend as the work is light at this period in the summer months. The show, as usual, will feature the breeding classes with 10 events open to these entries. There will be 12 hunter classes, 1 road hack, 4 pony classes, 3 for working hunters, two for heavy drafts and a championship class. An outstanding class on the morning program will be the class for registered half-bred 3-year-olds, the winner to receive the Challenge Bowl for a year. Another class, the Fountains Cup, scheduled for the afternoon, the winner to receive a replica of cups given when the show was started. This class is for mares and geldings bred and owned in Fauquier and Loudoun Counties.

The following have been asked to judge the show: Edward Voss, George M. Humphrey and Bryce Wing. All entries will close Wednesday, June 28. R. S. Peach is secretary of the show. Other officials include Dr. A. C. Randolph, president; W. F. Fletcher, vice president; Joshua Fletcher, manager, and W. F. Peach, assistant manager.

Browns, 11; White Sox, 2 (Reprinted from Yesterday's Late Edition) Chicago ABH O A Philadelphia ABH O A Browns 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 White Sox 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Chicago ABH O A Philadelphia ABH O A Browns 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 White Sox 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Bill Bennings AT CHARLES TOWN 1—Clocks, Ballen, Hilder Queen. 2—Electric, Brock Along, The Berries. 3—Sandy Cat, Arab, McDonald, Astor. 4—Preston Steel, Royal Fleet, Stollins. 5—Major, Balls, Roush, Carolina Bell. 6—Lambert, Ray, Appel, Arnel, Comedy Player. 7—Lyn-Lin, Dark Ace, Galley, a Mile. 8—Bill Turner, City Dancer, Lady Love, worth.

AP BELLAIRE 1—Bill Giff, Fred, Idealism. 2—Bromberg, Reagent, Meeting House. 3—Col. Howard, Flying Wagon, O'Herry. 4—Crawfish, Arab, Albia. 5—GRANT RICE, Ideal Girl, Ball Player. 6—Little Kim, Most Alert, Blackie. 7—Little Lark, Sardine, Anne Again. 8—Midnight, Central Mass, First Girl.

Bill Zuber Gives Nats 4 Hits, Yanks Win, 4-0

New Yorkers' Big Third Fatal to Griffs

By Shirley Povich

New York, June 22.—It happens to the best of ball clubs and the Nats don't happen to be in that class, so that 4-0 shutout suffered by them as they wound up their series with the Yankees today should occasion no surprise. The only amazing thing about it, it happened to be their first of the season.

The Washington Club's attack sank to a new low as they vainly tried to get somewhere at the expense of an old playmate, Bill Zuber. The right-hander, who has been no sparkling hand for the Yankees this year, contrived to hold them to four hits and three passes and piled up seven strikeouts during his scoreless effort.

They, the Yankees, were no battering behemoths as they took the series, three games out of four. They collected but six safeties. But they got to Dutch Leonard in the third round for a pair of singles and a home run, the long blow being driven into the lower right field stands by Bud Metheny, and what would have been enough.

Homer Finishes Leonard That homer finished Leonard, who had not been at his best after his shoulder was hurt when he was jostled by Johnny Lindell in a run down play at third base in the second session. Alex Carrasquel took over and held the Yanks until the eighth when a wild throw by Johnny Sullivan let in the last tally.

Four of the Yankees hit in the second session. Alex Carrasquel took over and held the Yanks until the eighth when a wild throw by Johnny Sullivan let in the last tally.

The Nats' hitting was done by three, Jake Powell helping himself to two singles and Stan Spence to one. Gil Torres got a double with one out in the second frame, but never got beyond the midway point. He shared with Leonard and Spence the honor of being the only Nats to reach second. Spence got there with one out in the fourth when his single was backed by Powell's first hit. But Torres and Rick Ferrell lofted softly to the left fielder and Sullivan fanned.

Leonard made first on Olie Grimes' error and George Myatt walked after George Case failed to make good with a bunt in the third. Then Joe Kuhel ramed into a double play.

Savage Sparks Rally Don Savage opened the Yanks' big scoring round with a single to left and Zuber sacrificed. Stirnweiss reached far to punch one of Leonard's pitches to right for a base. Powell came tearing in, but Savage had passed third before the fielder retrieved the ball. The score stood easily, but Powell threw toward the plate anyway and Stirnweiss romped to second. Metheny then poled his homer and Leonard took a walk.

Carrasquel's lone pass, given to Stirnweiss opened the Yanks' last batting turn. Metheny promptly bunted and Stirnweiss as promptly plied third. Larry Rosenthal made the second out with a pop to Torres and Lindell sent a soft chance Sullivan's way. But the shortstop pegged wildly past first and Stirnweiss went home.

Early Wynn is slated optich for the Nats as they open their four-game series in Boston tomorrow. Emmett O'Neill is expected to do the hurrying for the Red Sox. Case made no headway today with his base-stealing. He never got on in four trips to the plate. Myatt, rid of his somach ailment, went back to second base. The best thing he did was walk twice. Lindell wound up his hot batting against the Nats in the series with a double. He made two doubles, a triple and two singles, and walked twice in the four games.

Kearns Gets OK On Pep, Joyce Bout

Chicago, June 21 (AP)—Chairman Sheldon Clark of the Illinois Boxing Commission today granted Promoter Jack Kearns permission to stage a 10-round bout between Willie Pep of Hartford, Conn., and Willie Joyce of Gary, Ind., at Comiskey Park, July 7.

Pep is recognized as featherweight champion in New York State. Joyce recently won his second decision in three starts against Henry Armstrong, former triple titleholder. Both fighters have agreed to weigh in at 134 pounds.

Man O' War's '20 Dwyer Victory His Toughest

By Oscar Fraley

New York, June 22 (AP)—They'll run the ancient Dwyer Stakes at Aqueduct Saturday and it brings back memories to night of the hardest victory ever won by Man O' War as Big Red beat off the surprising John P. Grier in this same event 24 years ago.

Army-Life Real Conditioner For Fighters Says Fritzie

Pittsburgh, June 22 (AP)—You can fake it from Pvt. Ferdinand Henry Zivic, this Army life is a lot better conditioner for a fighter than being marred of ceremonies in a night club.

The Air Corps' KIVI, known in civilian life as Fritzie Zivic, last of the five "Flying Zivics" of the ring, was his same voluble self today as he wound up a brisk workout on Monday night's 10-round battle with Cleveland's Tommy Bell.

"That getting up with the birds and going to bed when they do is something," he clipped. "And I don't mean yard birds."

"I never was in as good shape in a year as I am now. My legs are better than they've been in two years. I'm down to 152, my best weight. With this furlough was longer. I'd like to get in another fight."

He picked up the Bell bout when he returned home for a furlough after completing his basic training at Keesler Field, Miss.

"I did a little boxing down there," he chattered in his machine-gun delivery. "But I didn't need it to keep in shape. Those sergeants were keeping me in shape all the time."

"You can say that again," chimed in Sgt. Thomas H. Grant of Wheeling, W. Va., who put Zivic through his basic training, and who came up to watch him work out. Sergeant Grant also is home on furlough.

"When I found out I was in shape, I just thought I'd get another fight in so I could retire again," Zivic quipped. "I'll be retiring more than Armstrong if this keeps up."

Flock Thumps Tigers Beat Giants, 10-3, on Tribe, 4-3, on Wyatt's 6 Hits Orenco's Hit

Brooklyn, June 22 (AP)—Pitching a complete game for the first time this season, Whitlow Wyatt, Dodger ace, held the Giants to six hits as Brooklyn easily defeated today.

The Dodgers hammered Rube Fischer and Frank Seward for nine runs and as many hits in the first three frames to gain an early 9-1 lead. Johnny Allen stopped the Dodgers the rest of the way, yielding one run in five innings.

The Dodgers collected 12 hits all told, with Augie Galan and Mickey Owen doing the most damage, each driving in three runs. Goody Rosen and Jack Bolling scored three times apiece.

Wyatt was the only Giant to get more than one safety. Wyatt, hitting a single and double, serving up an assortment of slow stuff which puzzled the Giants. He walked three and struck out two. The victory gave the Dodgers an even break in the series, each club winning two games.

New York ABH O A Brooklyn ABH O A Rosen 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Fischer 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Seward 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Allen 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Brooklyn ABH O A Brooklyn ABH O A Rosen 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Fischer 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Seward 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Allen 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

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10.540 See A's Split With Bosox

Philadelphia, June 22 (AP)—Bobby Estalella beat out a single with the bases filled and two out in the ninth to drive in the winning run as the Athletics took the second half of a double-header, 3 to 2, after bowing to the Boston Red Sox, 5 to 4, in 12 innings of the opener before 10,540.

Pete Fox's single to center after Mike Ryba doubled and went to third on Skeeter Newsome's sacrifice broke a 4-all tie in the first game as Boston snapped the A's winning streak of six straight.

In the nightcap, Russ Christopher held the Red Sox to two hits up to the ninth when Boston tied up the score 2-2. The A's came back with one in the last half to edge Boston out.

First Game ABH O A Philadelphia ABH O A Boston 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Philadelphia 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Second Game ABH O A Philadelphia ABH O A Boston 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Philadelphia 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Bucs Hammer Reds in Pair, 9-4 and 7-4

Pittsburgh, June 22 (AP)—The Pittsburgh Pirates cast off the "hittles wonders" appellation today and blasted out 26 safeties to take both ends of a double-header from Cincinnati. Coming from behind both times, they won the first game, 9-4, and took the second, 7-4.

Up until today, the Pirates had but five hits in 34 innings. In the first game, they counted six doubles and a homer among the 14 hits they collected off four Cincinnati hurlers. Four doubles and a homer contributed to their 12 safeties in the nightcap.

A double by Woody Williams and a two-run homer by Max Marshall sent the Reds off to a three-run lead in the opening stanza of the first game. The Pirates came back in the fourth with a homer by Bob Elliott and then knotted the count in the fifth. Doubles by Johnny Barrett and Jim Russell in the seventh provided the deciding tally.

First Game ABH O A Pittsburgh ABH O A Cincinnati 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Cincinnati 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Second Game ABH O A Pittsburgh ABH O A Cincinnati 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Cincinnati 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Two Midshipmen In National Tennis

Annapolis, June 22 (AP)—Midshipmen Robert T. Crawford and Robert A. Davis of the United States Naval Academy have been granted permission by academy officials to participate in the National collegiate tennis tournament in Evanston, Ill., during the week of June 26.

Academy athletic officials said today that Crawford and Davis, both of whom are members of the Navy tennis team, will not represent the academy in an official capacity but will merely take their summer "leave" in this manner.

The two Midshipmen have been entered in the doubles as well as singles competition. The matches will be held on the campus of Northwestern University.

N.T.S. Defeats Curtis Bay, 3 to 2

Norfolk, Va., June 22 (AP)—A single by Eddie Robinson with the bases loaded in the ninth inning sent across two runs and gave the Norfolk Naval Training Station a 3-2 victory over the Curtis Bay M.C. Coast Guard at McCure Field today. This evened the season's series between the clubs at two wins apiece.

Browns' Defense Falls, Chisox Win, 10 to 3

St. Louis, June 22 (AP)—The St. Louis Browns' defense fell apart long enough today to give the Chicago White Sox an opportunity to score seven unearned runs for a 10-to-3 rout and an even break in their four-game series.

The Browns were trailing 3 to 1 with Jack Kramer and Bill Dietrich hooked up in a pitching duel when the lid suddenly blew off in the eighth inning.

After one was out, Grey Clarke was safe at first on a low throw by Vern Stephens. Mike Tresh singled Clark to second, then Mark Christman filled the bases by fumbling Jimmy Webb's grounder.

Clarke scored on Dietrich's safe squeeze-play bunt in front of the plate, an dEd Carnett promptly singled Tresh and Webb home. Kramer walked Leroy Schaff, again filling the bases, and Rookie Sam Zoldak was called in to pitch.

Thurman Tucker walked, forcing Dietrich home, George McQuinn then felled Hal Trosky's grounder and threw late to second in an attempt to get Tucker whiffed. Carnett scored. The bases still were loaded and Ralph Hodgins single two more home.

Chicago ABH O A St. Louis ABH O A Carnett 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Trosky 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

St. Louis ABH O A St. Louis ABH O A Carnett 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Trosky 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS

Philadelphia, 1-0; Boston, 0-7. First game 15 innings; second game called at end of five innings because of darkness.

Brooklyn, 10; New York, 1. Pittsburgh, 9-4; Cincinnati, 4-4. St. Louis-Chicago, rain.

GAMES TODAY

Chicago at Cincinnati (night). Philadelphia at Brooklyn (night). St. Louis at Pittsburgh (night). (Only games scheduled.)

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Falls Church Priest to Mark Anniversary

The twenty-fifth anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood of the Catholic Church will be celebrated by Father Edward V. Mullarkey, pastor of St. James Church, Falls Church, Va., on Sunday.

The services will start at 11 a. m., with a solemn high mass, at which the Most Rev. Peter L. Ireton, D. D., Coadjutor Bishop of Richmond, will preside. Father Mullarkey will be the celebrant and the deacon will be the Rev. Peter Van Ganswinkel, assistant pastor of St. Paul's Church at Richmond. The Rev. Peter Schouten, pastor of the Holy Angels Church at Craddock, Va., will be subdeacon. The Rev. Michael J. Cannon, pastor of St. Elizabeth's at Richmond, will be the index. Fathers Van Ganswinkel and Schouten both served at different times as assistant to Father Mullarkey at St. James Church, and Father Cannon was acting pastor of St. Rita's at Alexandria, and the Rev. Robert Hannan, pastor of St. Agnes' at Cherrydale, Arlington. Father Koster celebrated his twenty-fifth anniversary on May 21 and Father Cannon on June 18.

The preacher at the jubilee mass will be the Right Rev. Leo J. Ryan, V. G. D. D., pastor of the Cathedral at Richmond, and the master of ceremonies will be the Very Rev. Robert Hickman, chancellor of the diocese of Richmond.

The afternoon program will begin at 4 in St. James School Hall, with the singing of "The Star-Spangled Banner." The Very Rev. Edward L. Stephens, pastor of St. Mary's, Alexandria, and at one time assistant pastor at St. James', will introduce the speaker, Ray Keating and J. O. Martin will speak for Herndon, followed by an address by the Right Rev. James A. Brennan, pastor of St. Patrick's, Richmond. Dr. M. H. Haertel, Mayor of Falls Church, will represent the community. The final address will be given by the Most Rev. Peter L. Ireton.

3 Finns Leave America Under British Protection

Finland Minister Hjalmar J. Procopio and two of the three Finnish counselors who were ordered to leave the United States last week for what the State Department termed their "inimical" activities, left Washington Wednesday night. The third counselor, Urho Tuovola, was granted permission to remain here because of the serious illness of his wife, Mrs. Procopio, who is expecting the birth of a third child soon, will remain in the United States temporarily. The British government was understood, however, to have granted safe conduct for the three envoys.

The two counselors accompanying Mr. Procopio are T. O. Vaheruu, counselor of legation, and Risto Solanko, counselor.

CHOPS COOKED WITH GULDEN'S MUSTARD



RECIPE THAT'S SIMPLY GRAND: Spread Golden's rich brown mustard on chops before cooking.

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BUT ALL THE WAR BONDS WE POSSIBLY CAN—CALL OF US.

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Washington, D. C.

Alexandria Man Is Arrested On Charge He Cast Two Votes

Charged with voting twice in the same election June 13, once by mail for the incumbent and once in person for the opposition candidate, Benjamin J. Richardson, 51, Negro laborer of 401 North Pitt st., Alexandria, was arrested yesterday on a warrant sworn out in Alexandria Civil and Police Court.

In the absence of Judge James Reece Duncan, Commonwealth Attorney Albert V. Bryan, who made the charge, requested a continuance of the case. Summoned for the trial tomorrow at 9:30 a. m. are Fred Pettit, city registrar; Richard M. Wright, chief election judge in the Second Ward, and Bernard Padgett, assisting election judge.

Got Elections Mixed

Richardson was released without bond after being booked at the Alexandria police station. He told police he had become confused over the election as he had voted by mail ballot for the incumbent, City Councilman Paul Lyne Delaney, two weeks before election was being held, had cast a ballot in person for Aubra N. Shuman at Shuman's request.

Delaney won the election by 50 votes in a count of 238 to 188, but officials said that as 69 of the votes were mail ballots with seven for Shuman and 62 for Delaney, the incumbent was defeated at the polls but elected on the strength of the mail ballots.

Shuman said he will demand a grand jury investigation of the election and has charged that malfeasance and misfeasance of office was shown in failing to post the complete list of applicants for mail ballots on the Saturday before the election as required by State law, and for alleged "irregularities in office."

Helped Him Vote by Mail

Richardson said yesterday he has heart trouble, and George Nalls, associate of Delaney's, came to his house to help him vote by mail.

"Mr. Nalls always sees that I get my capitation tax paid and he fixed the ballot for me. No. I marked the ballot myself and put it in the envelope," said Richardson, adding that the vote was for Delaney.

Explaining that as he was feeling better on election day, he started out to pick up some laundry, and while going by the polls was hailed by Shuman who asked him to vote for him. "I thought that was a different election, so I went in and marked a ballot the way Mr. Shuman showed me to do, but I didn't know there was anything wrong. I didn't know the other name of Mr. Delaney's," he declared.

Shuman stated yesterday he had not seen the Negro until after he had voted when one of the judges announced his name and he realized the same name had already been listed in the mail ballots. He declared he then challenged the two votes.

Rides Sought By Girl Scouts Of Greenbelt

Fourteen Brownies of the Greenbelt Troop 35 may have to forgo their early summer camping expedition at Camp Conestoga, off the Good Luck road in Greenbelt, unless volunteer automobile drivers offer their services, the leaders, Mrs. Shirley R. Levine and Mrs. Helen Kurth, said yesterday.

The girls are scheduled to camp from Monday through Friday and they will need transportation to and from the camp each day. The Hyattsville War Price and Ration Board has approved the allotment of gasoline coupons for the 12 miles of driving each day and the scouts will pay for the gasoline, Mrs. Levine said. Any one who is willing to give their services should contact either of the two leaders.

Paper Drive Aided

Paul Barnhart, Greenbelt High School principal and supervisor of the Prince Georges County playgrounds and recreational centers, is planning a program to help the county reach its July quota of 400,000 pounds in the collection of waste paper. The play centers will also continue the metal salvage program and will sell war bonds and stamps. The money earned through the salvage program will be used to purchase equipment for the playgrounds.

Mrs. Ruth P. Keane of the Civilian Defense Council, reports that 246,410 pounds of iron and steel were collected last month, 18,476 pounds of nonferrous metals, 8,509 pounds of rags, 287,588 pounds of paper and 10,007 pounds of rubber.

200 Expected at Picnic

Some 200 members of the South Dakota State Association are expected to attend the July picnic which is being planned at the Greenbelt lake by Committee Chairman Allen Bryan of 2-B Northway rd. The association holds two dances annually and a Potomac River boat ride.

Fall Conference Planned

Plans are being made for the fall conference of the Potomac Co-operative Federation at the Keewadin Farms camp at Bay Ridge, near Annapolis, from September 9 to 12. Boating, fishing, swimming and other sports will feature the conference. Postwar plans for cooperatives will be discussed.

Library Hours Unchanged

Mrs. Reba Harris, Greenbelt librarian, announced yesterday that the library hours will remain the same throughout the summer. The library, located in the Elementary School building, will be open from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Wednesdays through Fridays and will be open Monday, Wednesday and Friday nights from 7 to 9 p. m. Mrs. Marjorie Muir, assistant librarian, has returned from a vacation at Williamsport, Va.

Senate Confirms Duggan

The Senate Wednesday confirmed Ivy W. Duggan of Mississippi as governor of the Farm Credit Administration for an unexpired six-year term running from June 15, 1940. He succeeds Albert G. Black.

STRAWBERRY Shortcake

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EASY to make with DUFF'S HOT MUFFIN MIX

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Leftovers

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KEEP IT ON THE TABLE

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Washington, D. C.

The Gentler Sex

By Malvina Lindsay

Safe Investment

IT WAS ONE of the first invasion pictures. A group of bodies lying limp on a stretch of rocky coast—somewhere in Normandy. She could not get the boy nearest the camera out of her mind. That strange still heaviness about his slim young body. His helmet, his pack, his battle equipment—all ready for the adventure that never came. He had dropped suddenly, face downward.

Who was he? A farm boy from Nebraska? One of the druggists gang from a small town? A big city lad who used to dress up in his plaid coat and lavender shirt? Who at home was waiting anxiously for his letters, wondering what he was doing at that moment? What hopes and lives were tied up in him? What had been his thoughts, his dreams, his ambitions? What had he planned on doing "after the war?"

How he must have wanted to live! How stupid, how senseless that he had to die. She felt suddenly a guilty sense of well being. Why should one person live and another die? No, now that was foolish, neurotic. Making the best of one's own life—that was the big obligation. She must go on downtown and do her shopping... stop in at the bank and buy a bond with that birthday money John had given her.

SHE THOUGHT with satisfaction as she made out her bond application how close she was to the \$500 mark. That is, it would be \$500 when she opened the safe deposit box along about 1954. A little nest egg like that might come in handy then. A trip perhaps, or girls might be having weddings. Anyway, bonds were a good investment. Nothing safer, the banker had said. "When United States bonds aren't any good, nothing is any good"—those were his words.

And, as John said, where else could you put your money? Where could you get 2.9 per cent and be absolutely safe. Besides, if you got in a pinch you could always cash them in—after 60 days.

SHE HAD a lot of things to do. She'd look for a print dress—a good print, restrained and smart. Subtle, with soft colors that would really do something for her. She needed it for those little "don't dress" occasions that were always coming along. She simply couldn't face the girls again in her old things. Then she really ought to pick up a new summer hat that would give her a lift. And maybe a new evening bag.

She happily envisioned herself, a new woman, smart and attractive, sailing into the next gathering. Eyes of friends and enemies alike lighted as they looked at her. Important persons included her in their beavies. Strangers gazed with approving curiosity.

She walked along in a glow, looking in the shop windows. And then—suddenly she saw again the still bodies sprawled on the headsteds. "Why did she have to remember that? Why did the papers print such things? Besides, what could she do about it? She was giving all she could—hadn't she bought a bond? Hadn't she bought what would be \$500 worth of bonds? Wasn't that being patriotic—even though it was a good investment?"

She walked on absently, still seeing a mine-scarred coast strewn with lifeless youth. "A good investment," Yes, in all fairness, that was just what her bonds had been. That and nothing else. She might as well be honest. She had never given anything in her bond buying. Why—why she had never yet bought a real bond—a bond paid for with sacrifice. . . . She turned abruptly and headed back toward the bank.

25th Wedding Anniversary Observed by the Hurjas

By Marie McNair

Twenty-five years married, and Mr. and Mrs. Emil Hurja are still "that way" about each other. To celebrate the event they entertained at a silver wedding anniversary party yesterday, and time rolled back a quarter century.

The little Campus Chapel, on a summer day in Seattle, Wash., when little blonde Gudrun Andreassen marched down the wedding aisle and, to quote the wedding story, "wearing a brown Poirot twill suit, brown satin hat trimmed in ostrich and orange Marten furs," to become the bride of Lieut. Emil E. Hurja.

Yesterday the "bride and bridegroom" were in white. Mrs. Hurja's gown of crepe embroidered in pearls, and Mr. Hurja in a linen suit done up with an extra flourish for the occasion.

Flowers which had been arriving almost by carload throughout the day, filled every room. On the buffet table, which had a three-tiered wedding cake topped by a miniature bride and bridegroom for decoration, were Admiral and Mrs. Charles W. Bunker's lilies; in the drawing room white roses sent by Admiral and Mrs. Clark H. Woodward filled tall vases.

Old friends reminisced. In the dining room Mrs. Hurja had asked a number of her friends to assist, pouring champagne punch and, serving ice cream from huge bowls piled high. In the group



AT HOME IN CHICAGO are Mr. and Mrs. George Oliver Ross, who were married this month. Bride is the former Margaret Wixson Warren, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis E. Warren.

RECENTLY MARRIED

Shrine of the Sacred Heart was Mrs. Donald J. Reven, the former Mary Elizabeth Penn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. Allen Penn.

Martha Elynn's Platter Chatter

Bring New Zest to Menus With Point Free Cheeses

No blue Monday this week for cheese lovers. It was good news when the order came from OPA telling that all cheeses excepting Cheddar were point-free. Cheddar cheese is best known in this country as a firm and even-textured product, which acquires a pronounced flavor through aging. The point-free cheeses leave more points to be used for American cheese, which can be used in many ways—sandwiches, salads, cooked dishes, accompaniment to pie, crackers and fruits.

"If I can buy cheeses, excepting American, point-free just what will they be?" That's a question asked by many homemakers. Let's name some that come in the point-free classification and see how they can be used. Of course, every store does not always have a complete assortment of cheeses.

SWISS—The American version of Emmentaler. A firm-bodied product with well-developed "eyes." Flavor runs from sweet to salty, which makes it ideal for sandwiches. When dry, it is fine for grating and sprinkling on soups, over salads and other main dishes.

BRIE—Soft cheese with red coloration on surface. Varies in consistency from waxy to semiliquid. Has pronounced odor and sharp characteristic taste. Used as dessert cheese, and as addition to salad dressing.

CAMBERT—A soft cheese of strong odor and flavor and used in same way as Brie.

EDAM—A hard cheese whose texture is solid, close and free from pores. Rather dry and crumbly with mild flavor and pleasantly saline. Served with salads, with crackers and pie, etc. Also may be used in making rarebit.

GORGONZOLA—A semihard cheese resembling Roquefort in that it is streaked with blue-green mold. Crumbly or waxy in texture and has flavor resembling Roquefort. Usually served uncooked as a dessert with wafers and coffee, or in salads, or may be added to salad dressing.

LIMBURGER—A hard cheese of very strong and characteristic odor and taste. Because of strong flavor is always served uncooked, in sandwiches, with pie or with wafers and beverages.

ROQUEFORT—A semihard cheese made from goat's milk. Has strong odor and taste.

STILTON—A semihard cheese with characteristic wrinkled skin. When cut, it shows blue or green portions of mold, which give it the characteristic pungent flavor. It is used in salads or as dessert with wafers and pie.

There's a wrong and right way to handle cheese. Here are some general directions: Keep in refrigerator. Cover cut surfaces tightly with waxed paper or keep in covered dishes. For cooking, aged cheese, over 6 months old, is preferred as it provides a richer flavor, melts and blends well. Cheese dishes should be cooked at low temperatures. Grated or shredded cheese melts quickly.

If you want to spend points for American cheese, then a cheese ring with center filled with creamed fish or prepared vegetables will make a fine dish. The recipe follows:

CHEESE RING

Make a white sauce with 2 tablespoons butter, 2 tablespoons flour and 1 cup milk. Add 1 cup grated American cheese, and stir until cheese is melted. Add 4 eggs, one at a time. Season with 1/2 teaspoon salt and a dash of cayenne pepper. Pour into greased ring mold. Set in hot water and bake in moderate oven, 350 degrees, for 40 to 50 minutes. Turn mold out when ring is firm. Fill center with prepared vegetables or creamed fish. Garnish with paprika or parsley.

When you want to make an especially appealing luncheon salad or have salad as one of the main dishes for dinner, consider a stuffed avocado salad. The following recipe will make a salad with a difference:

STUFFED AVOCADO SALAD

Peel 2 large ripe avocados. Cut in half and remove seed. If cavity is small remove small amount of the meat. Blend 3 ounces (one and one-third cups) cream cheese, 2 tablespoons lemon juice, salt and paprika together. Add 3 tablespoons blanched finely chopped almonds, 3 tablespoons ripe olives and 1 tablespoon finely chopped chives or tops of green onions. Mix thoroughly. Fill avocados with cheese mixture. place halves firmly together, wrap in waxed paper. Chill for several hours. To serve cut in round slices, place on salad greens, surrounding a mound of peeled grapefruit quarters. (You can buy quick-frozen grapefruit segments now.) Combine a small amount of the mashed avocado with French dressing. Pass the dressing. Serve 6 to 8.



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HOPE RIDINGS MILLER

Medico Success at 'Mike' In Garden Canteen Show; Troops Get 'Liquid Hose'

MEDICO AT MICROPHONE: If Maj. Gen. George F. Lull, Assistant Surgeon General, ever gets tired of his job he will probably have plenty of offers to go on the radio. . . . He made quite a hit yesterday when he starred in the second broadcast from the garden canteen of the Red Cross, talked

Zoe Shippen's Portrait Show Will Be Today

Art conscious Washingtonians will flock to Miss Zoe Shippen's exhibition of pastel portraits of children being held today, from noon to 8 p. m. at the Statler Hotel.

Special interest will be centered in two of her recently completed portraits of children of families in the Nation's Capital. One is of Jennifer, small daughter of Col. and Mrs. Burdette Fitch—the other of Antal, baby son of Lieut. and Mrs. Hans Habe. Both are grand children of the former United States Ambassador to the Soviet Union, and Mrs. Joseph E. Davies.

Some time ago Miss Shippen did a portrait of Col. Elliott Roosevelt's 12-year-old son, William Donner Roosevelt. In the exhibition are a number of portraits done in Miami and Palm Beach, Fla.

The artist's visit here, and her two-day exhibition which opened yesterday, recall the fact that Dambarton Oaks was formerly the home of her grandparents, Col. and Mrs. Burdette Fitch.

It was the scene of the marriage of her mother, then Miss Bessie Blount, to Dr. Eugene R. Shippen, retired pastor of the Second Church, Boston. Dr. Shippen winters in Florida and summers in Connecticut. At the conclusion of Miss Shippen's exhibition here and in New York, she will join him in Greenwich, Conn.

Assisting in the exhibition today is Mrs. Addison Hall of Miami.

Nashes Plan Buffet Supper

The Minister of New Zealand and Mrs. Walter Nash will entertain members of the legation staff, and of the New Zealand Joint Staff Mission, at a buffet supper Saturday evening.

Monday, the Nashes will bid farewell to Washington and leave for Ottawa and Montreal, Canada, then back to Bretton Woods, N. H. Following the monetary conference in the latter place, Mr. and Mrs. Nash will depart for New Zealand.

Mrs. Brault Is Luncheon Hostess

Mrs. Albert E. Brault of Bethesda, Md., entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Kenwood Country Club.

Her guests were Mrs. James Matthews, Mrs. Watt Hocker, Washington; Mrs. C. E. Royer, Mrs. Marcel Mallet-Prevost, Mrs. John R. Reilly, Mrs. Robert Proby, Mrs. Cecil Ockey, Mrs. A. L. Brault, Mrs. Thomas Wacker, all of Bethesda; Mrs. John Higgins, Chevy Chase; Mrs. Fred Brault, Hyattsville and Mrs. E. Francis McDevitt, Silver Spring.

EARLY JUNE BRIDE was Mrs. George S. Blanchard, whose marriage to Lieutenant Blanchard, at Memorial Chapel, Army Medical Center, Bride was Beth Turner Howard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Allen Howard of the Westchester

Mary Hawthorn's Mail

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B & L League's Resources Up \$15,913,902

Combined resources of the 25 member banks of the District of Columbia Building and Loan League amounted to \$207,708,043 on May 31, the monthly report, compiled by F. Willson Camp, league secretary, revealed yesterday. This represents an increase of \$15,913,902 over the statement of a year ago.

A breakdown of the report showed that mortgage loans rose nearly three million dollars as against last year, reaching a new high of \$167,134,232. Holdings of U. S. Governments reflected a healthy gain, although this item was sharply during the current year as the members have managed themselves to contribute at least 10 million dollars of the Fifth War Loan securities.

Pacing the improvement in total assets, share money invested by members also hit a new peak of \$181,441,481, or nearly 15 million dollars more than reported last year. Total reserves also climbed considerably, \$18,336,064 as against \$16,456,412 on May 31, 1943. Mortgage transactions handled during the month were 32 per cent greater than recorded last year, the more than \$3,800,000 volume attributed principally to the purchase of homes.

The associations have a grand total of 173,223 borrowing and investing members, Camp's analysis concluded.

Business Briefs Of D. C. Interest

of the company.
Named Sales Head

Pittsburgh, Pa., June 22.—Richard T. Coyne has been appointed manager of sales for Mount Vernon Car Manufacturing Co., Mount Vernon, Ill., a division of H. K. Porter Co., Inc., of Pittsburgh, Pa., it was announced here today by T. M. Evans, president.

Auditors Elect Marx Chairman Of Their Council

Raymond G. Marx, comptroller, Riggs National Bank, was elected chairman of the executive council, auditors' section, District of Columbia Bankers Association, at the section's annual meeting Wednesday, at Wardman Park Hotel. He succeeds James C. Elgin, partner,

Audley A. P. Savage, auditor National Savings & Trust Co., was named council vice chairman, succeeding William F. Orrison, jr., American Security & Trust Co., resigned. Vernon R. Dorman, auditor

American Security & Trust Co. became secretary-treasurer, succeeding Jack H. Wild, Washington Loan & Trust Co., now in military service.

Mrs. Margaret S. McClure, auditor, City Bank, was elected a member of the council and is the first

Chairman Marx was named delegate to the convention of the National Association of Bank Auditors and Comptrollers at Cleveland September 19 to 20. Harry L. Downey, manager, bookkeeping department,

William H. Harris, auditor, Lincoln National Bank, presented retiring Chairman Elgin with a gift certificate in behalf of the section.

Lanston Earnings
Total \$237,694.47

Lanston Monotype Machine Co. report for fiscal year ended February 29, 1944, released yesterday, shows that after Federal

Pennsylvania and miscellaneous taxes amounting to \$404,591.70 and also after setting up a contingent reserve of \$200,000 from operations of the company for the fiscal year, net earnings amounted to \$237,694.47 or \$4.67 per share. Figures for the previous year were \$1.99 per share after contingent

Dividends of \$2 per share were paid. Taxes for the year amounted to \$7.94 per share, an increase of \$3.66 per share over the previous year. Included in earnings is profit of Monotype Company.

Local Produce
Eggs and Live Poultry
(Prices paid net f. o. b. Washington.)
EGGS—Steady; prices paid for Federal
State graded eggs received from grading
stations (June 22): Whites, browns a
mixed colors: U. S. grade A, large, 38¢.

average 38%; U. S. grade A, Methuen, 33.33, average 33; U. S. grade B, larst., 35.35, average 34%; U. S. grade B, med., 30%; U. S. grade C, 23@25, average 24. Current receipts: Nearby ungraded eggs 27@28. Receipts: Government-graded eggs 378 cases.

LIVE POULTRY—Market weaker. Receipts heavy, some turned down; prices paid net f. o. b. Washington (permitting transportation charges included according to mileage): Broilers and fryers, 29@

31, few higher; fowl, 25@26, mostly 23
Fruits and Vegetables
 (Sales on yesterday's wholesale market
 less than carlots.)
LIMA BEANS—Florida, bushel hamper
 best, 5.50@5.75, mostly 5.50; ordinary
 fair quality and condition, 3.50@4.00.
CARROTS—Market steady; California
 Los Angeles crates, bunched, 3.00@3.50,
 mostly 3.00, few sales lower.
CORN—Market slightly weaker; bushel
 baskets and crates, 5-dowen; Georgia

North Carolina. white, 3.75@4.50, poor low as 3.00; yellow, 3.75@4.00, poorer as 2.00.

ONTARIO—Market steady; 50-lb. sack Yellow Bermudas, U. S. commercial, 2.00@2.25, very few sales higher. Quality lower; Babosas, U. S. 1, yellow mostly 2.50, very few sales higher; California, 50-lb. sacks, Sweet Spanish, 3.00-3.25.

SWEET POTATOES—Supplies insufficient to quote.

BLACKBERRIES—Market about steady. Express receipts very light. 24-quart crates North Carolina, express receipts, 8.00.

PEACHES—Market slightly stronger. Georgia, 1/2-bushel baskets, Hillers, U. S. 14-1 1/2 inches, generally good quality, 3.00@3.25, mostly 3.25; showing a waste, 1.25@1.50.

Losers Steady Comeback on Stock Market

Stock Market
New York, June 22 (P).—Leading rails and industrials tried to find the comeback trail in the stock market today and some scored gains, but there were enough losers to keep the list mixed and leave averages steady.

Buyers were cautious for the most part, awaiting further news from the Pacific naval battle and better evidence that Wednesday's reaction would not continue.

Transfers, intermittently active

WHAT STOCKS DID:

	Thurs.	Wed.
Advances	357	278
Declines	319	479
Unchanged	246	327
Total Issues	922	941

aggregated 1,279,150 shares against 1,515,840 Wednesday. The Associated Press 60-stock index was

unchanged. Indicative of the cloudiness trends, there were 357 advances, 319 declines and 246 issues unchanged. While the majority turned upward after noon, last-minute selling put several leaders again

N. Y. Bonds
Total sales yesterday, \$10,757,750, 500: previous day, \$8,251,100.

Dow-Jones Bonds
New York, June 22.

40 bonds		101.06	—
10 higher grade rails		108.05	—
10 second grade rails		80.50	—
10 public utilities		110.99	Un
10 industrials		107.08	+
Sales in thousands.			
		High	Low
CORPORATION BONDS			
20 Am T & T 3 1/2 '66		110	111
10 Am T & T 3 '66		120	119 1/2
24 Am Tob 3 '62		104 1/2	103 1/2
10 A T S F 4 '95		123 1/2	123 1/2

22	A	C	L	1	4	52	100%	100%	10
92	A	C	L	clt	4	52	103	102%	10
10	A	C	L	4	64		85%	85	
8	B	&	O	1	m	48	89%	89%	8
113	B	&	O	'95	A		52%	52%	5
26	B	&	O	'95	C		59%	58%	5
23	B	&	O	2000	D		52%	52	
14	B	&	O	'96	F		52%	52%	5
48	B	&	O	cy	60		39%	39%	3
33	B	&	O	4	48		86%	86	
9	B	&	O	PLE	WV	4	82%	82	
29	B	&	O	S	W	50	70%	70	

14	Ben	3 39	108 1/2	108 1/2	
16	Sen	G cn 5 '45	46 1/2	46 1/2	4
22	Sen	Pac 5 '60	90 1/2	90 1/2	10
11	C	O 3 1/2 '69 D	108	108	
33	Ch	G 4 1/2 '49	28	27 1/2	2
17	C B & A	3 '77	105 1/2	105 1/2	
980	CMSP	5 '75	62 1/2	59 1/2	6
235	C&W	5 '99	72 1/2	72	7
94	ICRP	4 1/2 '52 A	50 1/2	49	4
98	ICRI	5 '88	74 1/2	74	7
353	ICRP	4 3/4 '84	113 1/2	114 1/2	11
12	Com	Ed 3 3/4 '58	113 1/2	113 1/2	11
8	Cru	St 3 1/2 '85	103 1/2	103 1/2	10

..	21	Del & H	4	63	84	101	%
..	27	IDL&RG	4	36	83	93	%
..	42	Dug L	3 1/2	68	100	100	%
%	39	Brie	4 1/2	2015	82	81	%
%	11	G M & O	4	75	99	98	%
..	36	Hud C	5	62 A	66	66	%
137	17	H & M inc	5	57	30	29	%
..	51	I C	4	66	87	66	%
1/4	73	I C S	5	63 A	71	70	%
1/4	50	Int G N	6	52	21	20	%
1/4	14	Int H E	6	44	62	61	%
1/4	76	Leh V	4 1/2	2003	46	44	%

100%	106	Leh & V 4 2003.	41	40
100%	5	L & N 3% 2003.	102%	102%
75%	27	1% MSPSS at 5 38	43%	43%
50%	34	M-K-T a) 5 67.	50%	50
25%	86	Mo P 5 77 F.	66%	68%
0%	30	Mo P 5 80 H.	66	68%
0%	50	Mo P g 4 78.	26%	25%
25%	63	Mor & E 4 53.	60%	59%
50%	26	Nat Dist 3% 49.	105%	104%
75%	58	NYC C r 5 2013.	76%	75%
100%	58	NYC 4% 2013 A.	70%	69%
75%	45	NYC cn 4 38.	73	72%

12	NY	Edis	3 1/4	63	106%	98%	101%
22	NY	N H H	4	57	108%	85%	101%
30	NY	N H H	4	57	108%	85%	101%
117	NY	O W R	4	52	106%	85%	101%
17	Nor	P	6	2047	15%	95%	101%
35	Nor	P	4	87	100%	100%	101%
5	Pen	R R R	4 1/2	65	112%	112%	101%
6	Pen	R R R	4 1/2	70	103%	103%	101%
11	Pen	R R R	4 1/2	81	109%	109%	101%
7	Pen	R R R	3 3/4	70	103%	103%	101%
35	Pen	R R R	3 3/4	52	101%	101%	101%
188	Ph	R C I	6	49	30	28%	101%

9%	189	Ph R C I 5	73 st	68%	67
9%	31	Rdgs 4	97 A	103%	103
9%	38	IR I A & L 4	34	48%	47%
9%	146	IS L S F 4	78	35%	34%
9%	138	IS L S F 4	80 A	41%	41%
9%	694	Sea A L c 6	45	41%	40%
9%	9	Sea A F 6	35 A	35%	35
9%	978	So Pac r 4	55	100%	100%
9%	98	Sou Ry cn 5	94	113%	113%
9%	98	Sou Ry c 4	56	85%	85%
9%	88	A O N J 3	61	105%	105%
9%	31 T	P 5	79 C	91%	91

10	Un Pac 3 1/2	'71	105 1/2	105	1
21	Wab 4	'81	84 1/2	84 1/2	1
53	W Md 4	'32	100 1/4	99 1/2	1
22	West Un 5	'60	106 1/2	106	1
34	Wh Stil 3 1/2	'66	98	97 1/2	1
23	Wis Cen 4	'49	68 1/2	68	1

Chicago Grain

Chicago, June 22 (AP)—The rye market was bullish today and prices advanced.

sharply following announcement the
Production Board had directed distillers
to mix 10 per cent rye in grain mas-
tard in production of industrial alcohol.

The trade in wheat also was bullish
except for a short time near the open
when hedging sales caused a slight
dip. Oats futures followed the lead of wheat
and were fractionally higher.

Wheat closed $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents higher
yesterday. July 1.57 $\frac{1}{2}$ @1.57 $\frac{1}{2}$. Oats
unchanged to $\frac{1}{4}$ higher. July 75. Rye

1%	1% to 2% higher.	July	1.00%	67.1
1 1/4%	Barley was % lower	to 1/2 higher,		
1 1/2%	1.21%.			
1 3/4%	Range follows:			
2%	Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.
2 1/4%	July	1.56%	1.57%	1.35%
2 1/2%	September	1.56%	1.57%	1.35%
2 3/4%	December	1.57%	1.58%	1.36%
3%	May	1.58%	1.60%	1.38%
3 1/4%	Oats—			
3 1/2%	July	74%	75%	74%
3 3/4%	September ..	69	69	69

December	68	68	68
May	68 1/4	68 1/4	68 1/4
Rye—			
July	1.06 1/2	1.10 1/4	1.06 1/2
September	1.08 1/4	1.10 1/2	1.07 1/4
December	1.10 1/4	1.12 1/4	1.09 1/4
May	1.13 1/4	1.15 1/4	1.13 1/4
Barley—			
July	1.21	1.21 1/4	1.21
September	1.10 1/4	1.11 1/4	1.10 1/4
December	1.10 1/4	1.11 1/4	1.10 1/4
Cash Grain			

WHEAT—No sales.
BARLEY—Malting, 1.25@1.44½ (nominal); feed, 1.15@1.22½ (nominal).

1/4	U S Indus Chem ...	25c..	7-15
1/4	Regular		
1/4	Alpha Pltd Cement ..	25c	9-1
1/4	Am Cent Mfg Corp ..	25c	6-30
1/4	Eureka Vac Clean...12	c	7-7
1/4	Mid West Pa&Su ..	25c	7-5
1/4	Natl Mail & Stl Cast	10c	
1/4	Nor Cent Rwy	\$2.00	S 6130
1/4	Skelly Oil	50c	7-3
1/4	US Smelt Ref&M ..	75c	6-30
1/4	Chemical Pump	7c	Q 6-30
1/4	Columbia Plc	50c	Q 8-1

U S Indus Chem ... 25c Q 7-15

Naval Stores

Savannah, Ga., June 22 (P).—TODAY—77½ cents a gallon; offerings (56-gallon barrels): sales, 3450 gal receipts, 108 barrels; shipments, 706 rels; stocks, 33,956 barrels.

ROBIN (100-lb. drums)—Offerings, sales, 230; receipts, 147; shipments,

stocks, 13.085. Quote: B, 5.60; L, 5.60; P, 5.60; G, 5.60; H, 5.60; L, 5.60; M, 5.60; N, 5.60; WQ, 6.35. 8.55; X, 6.55.

Jacksonville, Fla., June 22 (P)—PENTLINE—Receipts, 33; shipments, 10. stocks, 47,051.

ROBIN—Receipts, none; shipments, 10. stocks, 50,371.

Commodity Index

1/2	New York, June 22.—The Assoc-
3/4	Fresh weighted wholesale prices in-
1	35 commodities today advanced to
1 1/4	Previous day, 107.02; week ago, 10
1 1/2	month ago, 106.89; year ago, 105.19.
1 3/4	1944. 1943. 1942.
1 1/2	Low 107.43 107.54 103.22
1 1/4	High 106.03 103.43 95.54
1 1/2	(1926 average equals 100.)